THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 97

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum : : : : $12 00
" " per week : : : : : 25
To news-dealers, per copy : : : : : 3
Weekly per annum (in advance) : : : 5 00

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion : : : : : $1 50
" " each additional insertion : : 75
" " one week : : : : : : : 4 00
" " two weeks : : : : : : : 6 00
" " three weeks : : : : : : : 7 00
" " one month : : : : : : : 8 00

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☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 25 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : $5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each : 4 00
Invariably in advance.

DIRECTORY
Of First Class Business Houses
OF MEMPHIS.

Ashe, McClennan & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 284 Front st.

Commercial Bank, Corner of Main and Madison streets.

Charles N. Erich, Queensware, 323 Main street.

Eastland, Lloyd & Gilbert, Queensware, 321 Main street.

Francisco & Wiggin, Hatters and Furriers, 299 Main street.

F. W. Irvine & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 278 Front street.

German National Bank, No. 293 Main street.

Gryson Savings Institute, 1 Madison st, John C. Lanier, President.

H. Weiter & Co., Hardware, 13 a 15 Monroe street.

Holmes & Wharton, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 36 Madison.

H. A. Littleton & Co, Insurance Agency, 32 Madison street.

J. Gumbinger, Optician and Jeweler, 254 Main street.

J. G. Moffatt, Fancy Goods and Trimmings, 347 Main street.

Mansfield & Higbee, Druggists, 301 and 303 Main street.

McMahon & Otis, St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, 42 Madison street.

Merriman, Byrd & Co., Watches and Jewelry, 275 Main street.

O'Caffey & Cornelius, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 Second street.

M. J. Rossel, Grocer and Cotton Factor, 246 Front street.

Pike & Adams, Attorneys at Law, No. 293 Main street.

Partee, McGhee & Co, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 7 Monroe st.

Price & Yeatman, Produce, No. 11 Monroe st.

Rogers & Sons & Co., Fashionable Clothiers, 305 Main street.

A. Moon, Cotton Factor, No. 276 Front street.

S. Steinberg, Tobacco and Cigars, 310 Front street.

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, General Insurance Agents, 11 Madison street.

Worsham House, C. B. Galloway, proprietor, Main and Adams.

TAILORING, SCOURING

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING,
—AND—
REPAIRING,
Done at short notice by
ISAAC ISAACS,
54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

Old Clothes Made New! Save a New Suit by having your Old One Repaired!

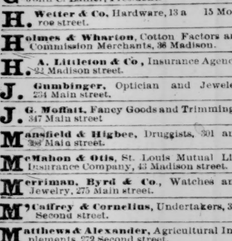
All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar3

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON
Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,
PREMIUM
SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS
246 Second Street,
BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses Shawls, Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

FASSMAN'S IRON TIES
—FOR—
COTTON BALES.



THE undersigned have made extensive arrangements to supply the demand for these Ties the present season.

In addition to the FASSMAN DIAMOND TIE and BUTTON TIE, so extensively used heretofore, they now offer his ALLIGATOR TIE, with teeth so arranged as to instantly clamp the hoop when the pressure is removed from the bale, and hold it without slipping.

Great pains have been taken to secure the best quality of iron.

These Ties are so simple in their arrangement that they can be applied by any one, to bales of any size, with the same facility and expedition as rope. In strength, security and facility of application, they will compare favorably with any yet introduced.

The advantages of Iron Ties are now generally recognized; but it is deemed not out of place to call the attention of those interested to the very emphatic recommendation of Underwriters, Steamboat Captains, and Owners and Agents of Sea Steamers and Sailing Vessels, recently published in the newspapers in New Orleans.

CHAMBERS & LATTING,
General Agents, New Orleans,
For sale by
MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,
Memphis,
And other dealers and Grocery Merchants.
se22 6m

ELLIOTT & CO.,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 2 Promenade Street,
Fcot of Jefferson, Opp. Steamboat Landing.
Office Up-Stairs, MEMPHIS, TENN.
Dealers in
Hay, Oats, Corn,
AND UP-COUNTRY PRODUCE,
No. 82 Beal Street, near Bayou Bridge
September, 1867. se4

WM. H. TRIGG. JOHN T. PIGOTT. WM. N. JOHNSON
WM. H. TRIGG & CO.,
Bankers and Exchange Dealers,
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
BOONVILLE, MO.

BUY and Sell Exchange; Deal in Gold and Silver Coin, Bank Notes and Military Bonds; Deposits Received and Accounts Kept for Correspondents; Real Estate bought and Sold, Taxes Paid, etc.; Loans Negotiated upon Real Estate Security; Bonds, Stocks, Mercantile Paper, and other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission; Collections upon all accessible points made upon favorable terms, and proceeds promptly accounted for.

Tendering our services to our old friends and the public generally for the transaction of any business pertaining to a Banking Exchange, Collection or Real Estate office,

We are, very respectfully,
WM. H. TRIGG & CO.

P. S.—We have abstract of Real Estate Records, of Cooper Co.; Original Entries, Mortgages, Judgments, Wills, Decrees, etc., anywhere condition of title to all the Real Estate in the County. W. H. T. & CO.
oct2

$2000 REWARD!

OFFICE MEMPHIS BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS, }
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 4, 1867. }

IN order to more effectually suppress incendiarism within the city of Memphis, a reward of

Two Thousand Dollars

will be paid by the Memphis Board of Underwriters to any policeman or other persons who shall procure the arrest and legal conviction of any person or persons guilty of firing the premises insured by any of the Insurance Companies comprising this Board.

ja1 tf BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

ALLEN HOUSE,
CORNER WASHINGTON AND SECOND ST.,

We take pleasure in announcing that our house is still open for the accommodation of the traveling community. Neat and comfortable rooms can be secured at all times, and with strict attention to the wants of guests. We feel no hesitancy in asserting that we can and will please all who may favor us with their patronage. We will be pleased to meet old friends and patrons, and as many new ones as may favor us with a call. We feel under many obligations for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us in the past, and hope to receive our share in future. Board $2 50 per day. nov19-3m

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Office: No. 351 Main street,
(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

J. W. CLAPP, C. F. VANCE, J. A. ANDERSON
Late of Holly Springs, Miss.
CLAPP, VANCE & ANDERSON,
Attorneys at Law,
No. 15 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS.
nov21 1m

E. R. HEATH. A. M. LEWIS. C. W. FRAZER.
HEATH, LEWIS & FRAZER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
S. E. Corner Second and Union Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

☞ Collections made in the surrounding country. nov21

HINSON & SMITH
DENTISTS,
No. 333 Main Street,
CLAY BUILDING,
S. A. SMITH, late with Dr. A. Wesson.
ap6 nov22 d&wly

Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,
ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

J. E. TEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.
OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No. 17 Third Story, Titus Block.

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.
WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.
WRIGHT & MCKISICK,
Attorneys at Law
HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. nov8

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.
L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to.
mh3 tf

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.
DIXON & PERCY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss,
Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec15 1y

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. B. MCCLURE,
[Architect and Engineer.

JOHN K. WINCHELL,
ARCHITECT,
317 Second Street.

PLANS and specifications for all descriptions of private and public buildings furnished on short notice.

Remodeling of old buildings also attended to. Specimens of work can be seen at the office as above. All kinds of building operations superintended in person. nov3 3m

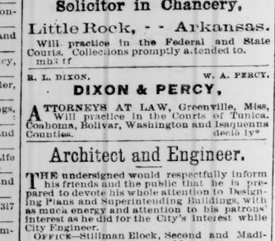
TOBACCO AND CIGARS

S. STERNBERG & CO.,
WESTERN AND VIRGINIA
Tobacco Agency,
Dealers in Imported and Domestic
CIGARS,
No. 310 Front Street,
MEMPHIS.
oct12 6m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. R. FRANK HARBERT, Memphis, Tenn.
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
14 Monroe Street,
Bet. Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Kegging, Rope and Supplies furnished.
oct10 w6m 13m

THURMOND,
FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
7 Monroe street.
se26

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.
MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se21

HORACE STONE,
WHOLESALE
BOOTS & SHOES,
NO. 325
MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Having removed from my old store, No. 341, to
325 MAIN STREET, UP-STAIRS,
thereby reducing my expenses largely, I am enabled to offer unusual inducements in the way of bargains. se1

Trust Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust to me executed by Gabriel Choate, on the 1st day of November, 1864, and registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Book No. 52, pages 214, 215 and 216, to secure a certain note as therein described, I will, on the

Seventeenth day of December, 1867,

Between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 2 p. m. at the southwest corner of Court Square, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, a certain tract of land containing 51½ acres, situate in Shelby county, Tennessee, and described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of a 200 acre grant of the State of Tennessee to Charles P. McLean, thence south 89 deg. west 101 poles 10 links to a stake, gum, oak and hickory pointers in the south boundary, thence north 1 deg. west 80 poles 4 links to a stake, two gums and dogwood pointers, thence north 89 deg. east 102 poles to a stake in the east boundary, white oak pointer, thence south 1 deg. east 80 poles and 3 links to the beginning—the same being sub-division No. 2 of J. H. Bateman's survey of said tract.

The right of redemption is waived, and the title believed to be good, but I will convey only as trustee.

I. M. HILL, Trustee.
Ayres & Randolph, Attorneys.
November 15, 1867. nov15 td3

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

THE TRIAL OF MR. DAVIS.

Apropos of the arrival of Mr. DAVIS at Richmond, to answer his recognizance, the Radical papers are beginning to discover that it will not pay them politically to prosecute him. The St. Louis *Democrat* of late date says:

What issue is there to try? Not the question whether Davis participated in a rebellion against the United States government. That will be admitted. If he is to be tried at all, the question must be this, whether a rebellion against the United States is a criminal act. Can this government afford to try that question? A trial implies a doubt. Can we afford to acknowledge that there is a reasonable doubt whether treason is unlawful? A trial must end in a decision by some tribunal. What tribunal in the land can be asked to decide the issue upon which millions of men have fought? Either the war settled nothing, or it settled that no State had a right to secede, and that no citizen had a right to take up arms against the government. If the war did not settle these questions, how can a court settle them? If the war did not settle these questions, what reason is there for submitting them to a court for discussion and deliberation?

Jefferson Davis, if tried at all, must be tried by a jury impaneled in Virginia. Can there be found in Virginia twelve men who have no opinion in regard to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner? If he is tried before a jury who are known to believe that treason is a crime, who that does not believe it a crime will be convinced? If he is tried before a jury who are known to believe that treason is not a crime, will their acquittal establish the fact that the rebellion was justifiable? If he is tried before a jury who are known to be divided in opinion, will their disagreement leave it doubtful whether the married soldiers who fell before Richmond were noble patriots or wicked invaders?

There ought to be, say some, a solemn decision by a United States court, that rebellion is treason and is a crime. If we are sure of such a decision when the court opens the case, will the trial be less than a farce? If we are not sure of such a decision, have we the right to stake the honor of the heroic dead upon the doubtful issue? If a solemn decision by the court that rebellion is a crime would add anything to the verdict of the war, then a decision that rebellion is not a crime would reverse the verdict of the war. But what loyal man would accept such a decision as proof that the government was in the wrong, and that rebellion was lawful? And if loyal men would not accept an adverse decision as final, how can we expect those who dispute the verdict of the war to accept the decision of a loyal court?

The *Democrat* forgets that political trials and convictions was one of the means suggested by its party to "make treason and traitors odious." It now has grave doubts whether this will answer. The *Democrat* has discovered the exact truth when it announces that the verdict of a court will decide nothing and change no one's opinion relative to the criminality of secession. No person supposes, for one moment, that UNDERWOOD'S court, or any other court, is more enlightened with regard to political questions than the sages and founders of the Constitution, who differed in opinion on this fundamental question. Nor does any one imagine that secession was any more or less treason because a jury at Richmond shall either acquit or convict Mr. DAVIS. The late elections are beginning to be felt in teaching Radical editors a modicum of common sense.

NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN CIVILIZATION.

The Northern press have indulged in characteristic depreciation of the Southern people on account of a personal difficulty between Mr. POLLARD and two WISES. They close their eyes to the horrible crimes which are daily perpetrated, in their midst, wife-murder, murder of young ladies by disappointed suitors, murder of their victims by guilty paramours, heartless cruelty to a wife, such as beating with a raw hide, and driving her out into the snow, to wander about all night, with which their papers have been filled during the past week, and make the POLLARD-WISE shooting affair the subject of long lectures on the wickedness of the Southern people. A Cincinnati paper is afraid that our National character will suffer in consequence of this affray on the streets of Baltimore. Hear the Pharisee: "The public would have very little concern in the long-standing quarrel between these two families, and which culminated in a dirty assault upon one of the POLLARDS a day or two ago if such affairs did not affect our reputation, as a people, abroad. Such incidents are not lost upon the English and Continental press. They are industriously picked out and elaborately served up for the people of Europe in the columns of the London *Telegraph*, and *Galignani's Messenger*, and other papers, as illustrative of the life and manners of the American people. With such ground work for an estimate of our national character and customs, it is not wonderful that a Parisian artist, in illustrating the types of nationalities that would be represented in the Universal Exposition, should have depicted the American in the guise of a Comanche, brandishing a tomahawk in one hand and flourishing a scalp knife in the other." The Northern civilization so well sustains American character abroad that it is a pity that Messrs. POLLARD and WISE should give any occasion for envious criticism from foreigners. They are all three naughty fellows, to thus imperil a reputation so pure and spotless! If they would, instead of indulging in the harmless exercise of shooting at each other, only connect themselves with some *scan. mag.*, or murder some woman outright, according to a style which prevails to an alarming extent at the North, without special comment from the Puritanical press, they might, perhaps, at least escape the censure of the Radical critics, whatever might be the verdict of the European journals and reviews.

CONDENSED DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF TENNESSEE, BY H. CLAY KING, ESQ.

JACKSON, NOVEMBER TERM.

Marr vs. Bank of West Tennessee. From Memphis Chancery. November 22d.

Facts: The Bank of West Tennessee possessing the ordinary franchises of Banking Associations in this State, went into operation in 1860 in Memphis. Its assets were removed South in 1862 by direction of the Confederate forces, on the occupation of Memphis by the United States forces. After the close of the war, the assets were brought back by the Bank officers, but they have not done any corporate bank business since. Marr held the notes of the bank to a large amount; obtained judgment at law on them against the bank; execution was returned "no property"; thereupon, Marr filed his bill against the bank and its officers to subject the assets to the payment of his debt, setting up a prior lien over all creditors. The bank is insolvent—the assets being insufficient to pay all the note holders.

Held: 1. The general rule is that whenever property is devoted by private contract, or by operation of law to special purposes, to be held for the use, benefit or security of a particular person, or class, it thereby becomes impressed with a *trust character*, to be held to answer the ends to which it was appropriated, and for which designed.

2. This rule applies to insolvent monied corporations, enforceable in a court of equity.

3. This trust is so strong and binding in favor of note holders, and other creditors of a bank, that if the assets have been distributed among the stockholders, or gone into the hands of other than bona fide creditors or purchasers, leaving debts of the corporation unpaid, such persons take the property charged with the trust in favor of the corporation creditors.

4. Under sections 4283-4-5-6, Code, a creditor may file a bill against corporations as well as against individuals, and thereby acquire the lien therein provided for, or he may acquire the lien provided in sections 2984 and 2985.

5. Under section 4295, Code, and the spirit of the whole legislation on this subject, this lien is subordinate to the general lien existing in favor of the creditors of *insolvent* monied corporations, and the corporations intended in section 4283 are only solvent corporations exercising their franchises, and sections 4283 and 4295 stand together with that distinction drawn.

6. A corporation is not dissolved by non-user, or assignment of its franchises, unless all its corporate property has been appropriated to the payment of its debts.

7. Upon the insolvency of the bank, its officers hold the bank assets, not for themselves, or stockholders, but as trustees, or *quasi* trustees, for the benefit of all the creditors of the bank; and, therefore, may interpose an objection to a bill by one creditor to obtain an unlawful priority over other creditors.

8. The question is reserved whether the act of 1850, ch. 27, giving the preference to noteholders, by its vigor, impresses the assets of an insolvent bank, with the priority therein specified.

It is therefore held, that the assets of the bank must be distributed *pro rata*, among the noteholders, the bank having accepted the act of 1850, ch. 27, and the remedy is by a general creditors' bill.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW YORK, November 25.—A *Herald* Havana special of the 24th, says the official burial returns show that one thousand and fourteen persons lost their lives in the late hurricane at the Island of St. Thomas. We have the announcement from Santiago yesterday, that the cholera reports from Havana were creating considerable excitement and fear there, so much so that the Spanish steamer Barcelona, from this port, was forbidden to enter.

The *Tribune* publishes the testimony of Gen. Grant, Judge Chase and Secretary Seward in the impeachment case. Gen. Grant said: I have seen the President very frequently in reference to the condition of affairs in the rebel States. When I was asked to be at a Cabinet meeting, it was because some question was up in which, as General of the army, I was interested; I am not aware of any interview with the President on amnesty; I have occasionally recommended persons for amnesty; I thought myself, at that time, there was no reason because a person had risen to the rank of General he should be excluded from amnesty; there were many who had failed to reach that rank; I spoke on that point; I did not see much use for the twenty thousand dollar clause; these are the only two points that I remember to have spoken on at that time; I afterwards, however, told him that I thought he was much more right on the $20,000 clause than I was; I was present when the proclamation was read in Cabinet, but my views were not asked; I never gave any opinion to the President that it would be better at that time to issue a proclamation of general amnesty.

Question—Did you ever give your opinion to the President that his proclamation interfered with the stipulations between yourself and Gen. Lee?

Answer—No, sir; I frequently had to intercede for Gen. Lee and other paroled officers, on the ground that their parole, so long as they obeyed the laws of the United States, protected them from arrest and trial. The President at that time occupied exactly the other ground, viz: that they should be tried and punished. He wanted to know when the time would come that they should be punished. I told him not so long as they obeyed the laws and complied with the stipulations. That was the ground I took.

Question—Did you not also insist that applied as well to the common soldiers?

Answer—Of course it applied to every one who took the parole. That was not canvassed. Except in case of some leaders, I claimed that in surrendering their arms they had done what a portion of them could have escaped; but they surrendered in consideration of the fact that they were to be exempt from trial, so long as they conformed to the obligations they had taken, and they were entitled to that. Grant said that was his view. Still the President disagreed with him. He insisted that the leaders should be punished, and was very anxious to know when the time for their trial would come. Grant replied, when they violated their parole; but these terms did not apply to Mr. Davis, as he did not take any parole. The President contended for the trial of Gen. Lee, but Gen. Grant insisted that it would be a violation of the parole. Gen. Grant had urged nothing, but had only given his opinion when asked for it.

CO-OPERATION TO CONCENTRATE CUSTOM.

Great complaint is made in London, and by the *Times* lately, that poor people are grievously swindled in the small shops in which they buy their food and do their trading; and the same is quite the case of daily and the country generally. The multiplicity of shops is one reason why customers are made to pay exorbitant prices, for it is a life and death competition for custom, and in small shops, with small sales, the proprietor must demand large profits to meet his rent, clerk hire, and other expenses. The *Saturday Review* calls attention to a scheme which is new in London, but was tried, with only partial success, years ago in this country—which is to concentrate large amounts of custom on certain stores, with the advantage of getting goods at far lower rates, and even a portion of the profits in the shape of a per centage on the amount of one's trade with a certain shop or store. There is always something faulty in the co-operative stores established by mechanics and others—a lack of responsibility on the part of the hired agent, perhaps peculation, and generally a failure of business. But the principle is unquestionably sound, and the tendency of trade in late years has been to concentrate business in a few great retail stores in every city. Stewart, Sherwin and other merchants of that class, can afford to sell goods cheaper, and furnish better articles than the mass of small dealers, and, moreover, such merchants are their own managers, are bound to act fairly by their customers, and have a personal responsibility and character to maintain. It is only necessary that large bodies of customers should co-operate to concentrate their custom for dry goods, groceries, meat, and all the necessities of life to save much money in their purchases. As it is, poor people pay from 25 to 30 per cent. profit out of their smaller incomes, while the rich and well-to-do people rarely pay more than 10 per cent., because they are able to deal with larger houses, and with responsible people, who sell the best classes of goods at reasonable prices.

No man who goes about one of our cities can fail to be struck with the immense number of small retail shops of dealers in provisions and supplies for the poorer classes, who must purchase by the small quantity; and who, with the retailers of liquor by the glass levy a larger tax upon the people annually, than these pay into the Treasury of the United States and of the State, together. If the be of a reflective turn, it will probably occur to him that it would be a great addition to the productive capacity of the country, if the immense number of able-bodied men who are engaged in making a living by means of the per centage which they add to the cost of provisions and supplies to the poor, as their own compensation for selling to them by the small, and the not less number of able-bodied young men who are doing girls' and women's work as clerks in dry goods' stores, measuring and selling by the yard, could be compelled to emigrate to the country, and labour at the cultivation of the soil. We have too few producers and too few manufacturers, too many who live without work, and by far too many who live by a kind of labour unworthy of a man either of muscle or brains; too many consumers, and too few who by their labour add anything to the wealth of the country, or are of the least use to it in any way in the world.

We find in the commercial report of the New York *Herald* of November 12th, the following quotations of wholesale prices in the city of New York:

COFFEE: Rio, prime, 17½ to 18 cents; ordinary, 12½ to 13½c.—Java, mats and bags, 24½ to 25½c; native Ceylon, 18½ to 20c—Laguayra, 17 to 17¾c. gold, net cash, duty paid.

Here we pay for Java, at our large grocery stores, 50 cents, and for Ceylon, 65 cents.

We find the prices of *flour* in New York:

Superfine State and Western, $8 05@9 10; Extra State, $9 50@10; Choice do., $10 10@10 25; Common to medium extra and choice Western, $8@12 75; Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands, $9 50@10 50; Round hoop Ohio, trade brands, $11 50@13 50; St. Louis, low extra, $9 50@10 50; St. Louis straight extra, $11@12; St. Louis choice double extra, $12@14; St. Louis choice family, $14@15 50; Common Southern, $10@12; Fancy and extra do., $12 50@15; California flour, (sacks and bbls) $11@13 25.

And of other provisions: Western mess pork, $20 75 to $20 90 per bbl. Bacon, long clear middlings, 13½c.; Short do., 13½c.; Long ribbed, 12½ to 12¾.

The sales were 2250 boxes Cumberland cut for November, December and January, at 11½@11¾c. for November; and 11@11¼c. for December and January. Cut meats were dull and lower, and nominal at 8¾@9c. for pickled shoulders, 10c. for dry salted do., 10½@11c for smoked do.; 13¾@14c. for pickled hams, 16c. for smoked do., and 17@18c. for bagged do. The sales were about 150 packages within the range. Lard was quiet, with sales of 600 packages at 12¾@13½c.

Any one who buys these articles in Memphis, can see for himself what an enormous per centage, in addition to the expenses of transportation hither, he pays for high rents and enormous taxes paid by dealers, and profits of those dealers and retailers, until Memphis is the dearest place in the United States for either the well-to-do or the poor to live in. In the country, only a few score miles from Memphis, it takes *three* pounds of cotton to buy *one* pound of ham. In the city, *fair* wages only will not support a labourer; and certainly a *woman's* labour will not support her and her children.

COTTON--COMMISSION.

E. P. BATES & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
—AND—
General Commission Merchants.
Office—No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.
sep18 3m—se24

P. M. STANLEY. M. C. KING. J. H. SMITH.
Stanley, King & Smith,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 272 Front Street.
Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn.
au27 daw

S. MAURICE WEBB. J. F. SELLERS
S. M. WEBB & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
Lee Block, Union St., (Up-stairs)
Bet. Front St., and Main St., Memphis, Tenn
no7 daw3m

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.
J. C. FORBES & CO.,
Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.,
General Commission Merchants,

PACK the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce.

Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of those articles.

Liberal advances on all consignments.

ROBERT BLACK, Late Black & Pittman. Z. N. ESTES, Late Horton, Estes & Co
BLACK, ESTES & CO.,
Successors to Horton, Estes & Co.
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
Office, 1 and 2 Cooper Block, No. 11 Monroe Street, corner Center Alley.
MEMPHIS, TENN.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Bagging, Rope and all Supplies furnished at the lowest rates. Liberal cash advancements made on Cotton in store or in transit. Regular legitimate rates charged for all business done. se6 3m

S. M. ASHE, of Memphis.
JNO. MCLENNAN, late of Tipton county, Tenn.
P. M. MORGAN, Desoto county, Miss.
W. F. BANKS, Marshall county, Miss.
ASHE, McLENNAN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 284 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
QUICK SALES—PROMPT RETURNS!

BAGGING, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. Liberal advancements made on consignments. no5 1m

McMILLAN, RASH & CO.,
COTTON AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
264 Front Street, Room 3, Memphis.

WE offer our services to our numerous friends and acquaintances, returning thanks for former patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Our customers interests are ours. Rope, Bagging, etc., furnished.

We have experience in Sampling, Classing and Selling Cotton or Produce, and fear no competition. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, unless otherwise instructed. nov2 1m

ROBERT A. MOON,
Cotton Factor
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES—Supplies at Wholesale Prices. Commission for selling Cotton, One Dollar per Bale. no6

GREAT WESTERN PRODUCE DEPOT!
No. 3 PROMENADE STREET,
Elliott Block - MEMPHIS, TENN.
W. P. WRIGHT,
Storage, Forwarding and
General Commission Merchant.
Head-Quarters for Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Meal, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Apples, Potatoes, Onions, and Produce Generally. Also, Lime, Cement and Plaster.
I sell for Cash only, consequently at lowest prices. Particular attention given to filling orders.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
—AND—
Cotton Factors,
(Agents for the Regular Arkansas River Packets),
No. 272 Front Street,
Memphis, Tennessee.

500 Bbls Mess Pork,
75 Casks Bacon Sides,
25 Casks Shoulders,
325 Sacks Choice Coffee,
250 Bbls Sugar, assorted,
800 Bbls Flour, all grades,
200 Bbls Meal,
50 Bbls Whisky,
100 Bbls N. O. Molasses,
150 Half Bbls N. O. Molasses,
500 Kits Mackerel,
50 Bbls No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel
250 Pieces Kentucky Bagging,
20 Bales India Bagging,
100 Coils Rope,
200 Half Coils Rope,
300 Kegs Lard,
50 Tierces Lard,
100 Hhds Tobacco, assrt'd brands
50 Bbls No. 1 Cider Vinegar,
50 Bbls Breakfast Bacon,
50 Tierces Sugar-cured Hams,

And an extra large assortment of Groceries which will be sold low for cash, or on usual time to prompt paying customers.

Advances will be made on shipments of Cotton, for sale here, or to our friends in New Orleans.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
se28 272 Front Street.

VIRGIL V. MOORE. EDWIN WHITFIELD.
MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.
(Successors Moore, Whitfield & Rayner,)
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 1 Howard's Row,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE are prepared to make liberal cash advances on all consignments; also, to furnish Bagging, Rope or Ties, to parties who will ship us their Cotton. We are agents for

LEBANON WOOLEN MILLS, Lebanon, Tenn.
PREMIUM COTTON GIN, manufactured by W. G. Clemmons, Brown & Co.
SORGHUM OR CANE MILLS (cast iron), manufactured at Zanesville, Ohio.
The Celebrated UNION WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER.
E. GRAY'S STAR CAPE LIME. oc26 daw

OFFICE MEMPHIS GAYOSO GAS COMPANY, MEMPHIS, TENN., November 7, 1867.
To the Stockholders of the Memphis Gayoso Gas Company:

An additional call of twenty per cent. on the subscribed stock of the Company is hereby made payable at the Company's office, southwest corner of Main and Jefferson streets, on or before the 18th day of November, 1867.

JOHN DONOVAN, President.
GARLAND P. WARE, Secretary. nov8 10t

COTTON--COMMISSION.

T. V. BRADY, Marshall County, Miss. B. F. JACKSON, Memphis.
BRADY & JACKSON,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
No. 338, Cor. Union and Front Sts.,
(Up-Stairs), MEMPHIS, TENN.

WILL give special attention to the sale of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us, and to Receiving and Forwarding Goods to all points. Also, to the Purchase of Merchandise and Plantation Supplies.

☞ All consignments of Cotton will be covered with Insurance in our Open Policy, unless otherwise instructed. nov10

HENDERSON OWEN, late of Brown & Owen.
S. F. MCNUTT, late of McNutt, Troster & Bailey.
J. C. P. HAMMOND.
OWEN, M'NUTT & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

RECEIVING, Forwarding and General Commission Merchants, No. 14 Monroe street.

☞ All Cotton, Tobacco, or other Produce, consigned to us, Insured, unless otherwise instructed. Bagging, Rope and other supplies furnished at the lowest market price. no9 tf

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Reid & Dickinson. Dr. B. F. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C. S. A.
J. W. DICKINSON & BRO.,
Cotton Factors, General Commission and Produce Merchants,
No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments. We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight, a thing we have had to submit to heretofore. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. nov10 1m

STERLING FOWLKES, WM. A. STEFFEY. THOMAS P. ADAMS, WITH C. S. A.
FOWLKES & STEFFEY,
[Successors to Fowlkes & Co.,]
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 193 Second and 43 Washington Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

AGENTS for the sale of the "PREMIUM COTTON GINS," made by W. G. Clemons, Brown & Co., Columbus, Georgia.

Also, agents for the "GREEN RIVER GOLDEN MILLS," Henderson, Ky. Have on hand for sale, by piece or case, a fine assortment of Kentucky Jeans. oct2 3m

G. W. TROTTER. WM. MCGEE.
TROTTER & MCGEE,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 14 Monroe Street,
MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

BAGGING, ROPE and TIES furnished at the lowest market price.
Memphis, Sept. 1, 1867. se12

RALPH WORMELEY, W. S. PICKETT. LEVI JOY, J. D. USHER.
WORMELEY, JOY & CO.,
37 Adams Street,
Wholesale Grocers,
COTTON FACTORS,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Pratt's Improved Cotton Gins.
First October Next in our
NEW BUILDING, ADAMS STREET,
Near Worsham House, Memphis.
W. S. PICKETT & CO.,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

WE are now entering upon our twentieth year of business in Memphis, and the sixteenth in New Orleans, and solicit a continuance of patronage from our friends and the public generally. Our house in New Orleans will, as heretofore, be under the management of WM. S. PICKETT, an old and experienced merchant in the New Orleans cotton trade, and affords to our customers the advantages of either market, as their interest or inclination may induce them to ship.

We keep always on hand a good supply of Groceries, Provisions, Bagging, Rope, Gum Bedding, Plantation and Family Supplies generally.
WORMELEY, JOY & CO.
se4 3m

LAWRENCE, CARTER & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 222 Front Street,
MEMPH

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

TUESDAY, : : : : : NOVEMBER 26, 1867

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
LEON TROUSDALE, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN ALISLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

Editorial Rooms—No. 293 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS OVER GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Business Office—No. 13 MADISON STREET.

AGENTS.

J. D Easberry, general agent for Arkansas.
John E. Reardon, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Read Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.
Jno. R. Eakin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
C. G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

WHO DESERVE IMPEACHMENT?

Speaking of the Radical leaders, the *National Intelligencer* says:

The only pretence of respect for the Constitution on the part of these men, that we now recal, is their claim to impeach the President upon the assumption that in his proceedings, with respect to reconstruction, he had acted outside of the Constitution, although it is perfectly obvious that if the Constitution bound him it bound them also, and no less firmly. These men have no patent of nobility, either from God or from man. They have no more right to trample on or "repudiate" the Constitution than the humblest citizen in the land. When they do this they become criminals, and are liable to punishment as such.

The point made by the *Intelligencer* is conclusive. Judge LAWRENCE, of Ohio, in his laboured attempt to prove that the President ought to be impeached, relies altogether on the ground that he exercised by usurpation powers not granted him by the Constitution, in appointing Governors over the conquered States, and directing the measures to be adopted by those States as conditions of the re-establishment of their former relations to the Union. It could not be expected that a Radical member of Congress should include Mr. LINCOLN in the same indictment, although the original usurpation was his, and the civil governments of Louisiana, Tennessee, Arkansas and Florida were re-established by virtue of his proclamations, in all of which Judge LAWRENCE and his fellow-Radicals acquiesced. We may all remember that Mr. LINCOLN was commonly accused of hastening the reorganization of civil government in Florida, for the purpose of securing the vote of that State for himself at the election of November, 1864. *He* appointed ANDREW JOHNSON Governor of Tennessee, MICHAEL HAHN Governor of Louisiana, and ISAAC MURPHY Governor of Arkansas. He, by Proclamation, declared the slaves in the insurgent States emancipated: and President JOHNSON only *continued* the policy which *he* initiated.

But, apart from that, it is quite certain that the President has precisely as much right to exercise royal powers, outside of the Constitution, over conquered territory, as Congress has,—that is, none at all. The Supreme Court has decided that the Congress has no such powers, and *can* have none. No more can be said as to the President. He can not have less than no powers at all. *If* the old rule of the Scottish border obtains, that "*he shall take that hath the power, and he shall keep that can,*" the President, being Commander in Chief of the army, has at least *as much* right to the powers of government over conquered States, outside of the Constitution, as Congress has. No law or charter prescribes the power of either; and if it was an offence deserving impeachment, for the President to exercise powers outside of the Constitution, it was equally so for Congress to do it. If it could claim to be the judge of the extent of its own powers, so could he. He has the same right to be Emperor that STEVENS and his co-conspirators have to be a National Convention or Long Parliament, instead of a Congress. If he violated his oath to support, preserve and defend the Constitution, by exercising powers not granted by it, they have done the same, besides committing treason against the *principles* of Constitutional liberty by establishing Military Despotism, and treason against the very spirit and soul of our Constitutional Government by making the Africans rulers over white men. By what Constitutional right do they declare negroes to be citizens of the United States?

We append a part of the speech of Mr. LAWRENCE, as it is printed in the Appendix to the *Congressional Globe*. It was not *delivered* in the House, but printed by its permission; and its special significance consists in the fact that the author of it is a member of the Impeachment Committee, for which reason his speech may reasonably be regarded as a recital of the charges on which it is proposed to try the President. If these charges were preferred by the people of the Southern States, the indictment would come from the proper quarter; but the impudence of many of the allegations, when made by a member of *Congress*, is perfectly peerless. For example, the charge that the President maintained the right to try civil offenders by Military Commissions, and to punish at his pleasure, made by a member of the body which had by law attempted to 'legalize and make valid" all such trials, as if they had been had by its authority, and to grant an absolute immunity to all persons liable to action civil or criminal in consequence of them.

We give the precious document below, that our readers may see how utterly abandoned and shameless Radicalism has become:

"The military power cannot, without the sanction of Congress, establish permanent civil governments for times of peace. When flagrant war ceased an extraordinary occasion had arisen which made it the duty of the President to convene the House of Congress. Refusing to perform this duty, which he knew to be necessary for this and other purposes, he issued seven solemn proclamations, assuming to appoint seven civilian provisional Governors, holding no military commissions, and without the advice and consent of the Senate. By these proclamations he usurped the power to create an office unknown to the Constitution or the laws; to fill that office with incumbents holding by the tenure of his pleasure, without the advice and consent of the Senate, with salaries fixed by no law but his will, and to be paid out of the public treasury in violation of the law. He assumed the power to clothe these officers with authority; to cause elections to be held for members of conventions; to create State governments by amending State constitutions in a mode different from that prescribed therein, and without the sanction of Congress. He prescribed the qualifications of electors and members of conventions, requiring of each an oath not required by former constitutions and laws of the States. By his edicts he enfranchised every rebel in these States who would take the oath he prescribed, and excluded loyal freedmen, constituting nearly one-half of the population of these States, from all right to participate in the elections, or otherwise in political power. He put it in the power of rebels, contrary to his former convictions of duty, to institute governments forever denying freedmen the political and civil rights of citizenship. The President assumed the right to determine when the nine State Governments should go into operation, requiring the provisional Governors to remain in the exercise of their functions until relieved by his express direction.

"A President whose conduct is marked by acts which may define him a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people, and deserves impeachment. In thus devising the scheme of disfranchisement, the President seems to have been guided by a purpose to speedily secure power to the rebel States, rather than by a sense of duty, if he did not act contrary to his own convictions expressed at an earlier date. This usurpation by the President is clearly impeachable, and the mode by which he sought to accomplish it, and force it upon the country, not only aggravates the crime, but, in view of his motives, constitutes additional grounds of impeachment. To achieve his purposes he was guilty of many unnecessary and unauthorized usurpations and acts of oppression. He held the liberty of the press subject to his sovereign will and control, suppressing the publication of such newspapers as he disapproved, and permitting them to resume publication contrary to the advice of Gen. Grant, by exacting a pledge to support the policy of his administration, when he was advised that his order was improper and mischievous in its tendency. He held large portions of the rebel population in abject servility, not as a measure of safety to the Government, but that he might bribe support of his policy by the exercise of the pardoning power. He has restored to rebels property of the value of many millions of dollars, in violation of law and in disregard of the rights of loyal citizens. He has, without authority and without consideration, and in violation of the law, transferred to corporations controlled by rebels, railroads constructed by the Government in part at a cost of many millions of dollars, as he has also other property used for insurrectionary purposes. He has, without authority and in violation of law, sold railroad rolling stock and other property of the United States of the value of many millions of dollars on long credit, with insufficient security, for less than its value, to corporations controlled by rebels, and when payments fell due he has corruptly and without authority suspended the performance of their obligations. He has prostituted the power of appointment to and removed from office to the maintenance of his policy, regardless of and to the great prejudice of the public interests; corrupting by it, as far as possible, all who were base enough to abandon principles, and exerting it in a spirit of proscription, and to an extent unknown in any former administration. He armed a blow at the Constitution and the liberties of the country, by refusing to submit appointments to office, to the Senate for their advice and consent, and by retaining men in office regardless of that body. He made an order removing all penalties from a large number of persons marked as deserters on the rolls of the War Department, for the purpose of securing the election of a favorite candidate for Congress in West Virginia, regardless of duty and without evidence. He assumed a power to dispense with the acts of Congress, and appointed rebels to office in violation of law. He refused to execute laws for the punishment of traitors, or for the confiscation of their property or that used for insurrectionary purposes. By his proclamation of April 2, 1866, and by other acts, he assumed to himself the right to determine when war had ceased, without consulting the law-making power by whose authority alone war can be made and peace declared in cases of rebellion. The assumption of a power to declare peace, to say when or how long the laws of war shall continue, is simply a power to terminate war at the pleasure of the President, and might be made fatal to the national existence. While these usurpations were being practiced, the President maintained the operation of martial law in rebel States, suspending from the right to hold office under the so-called State authority, whomsoever he chose, while maintaining the right to try civil offenders by military commissions, and to punish at his pleasure. His conduct encouraged rebels to murder, in cold blood, unoffending citizens in the exercise of their peaceful rights. Professing to regard Louisiana as a regularly organized State, he, in violation of the Constitution, authorized the Attorney-General of that State, a notorious rebel, to call on the national military authorities to aid in the work of suppressing a lawful and loyal assemblage of people. And though there was "an absolute massacre," "a murder without necessity," by a rebel mob in New Orleans, no one of the guilty perpetrators have ever been brought to justice or punishment. While thus giving encouragement to rebels to suppress a loyal and lawful assemblage, he refused military aid when demanded by the Governor of Tennessee, to preserve peace and execute the laws. Assuming the right to require illegal conventions to be held in seven States at his pleasure, he denied the right of legal conventions to be held in Louisiana. While many thousands of loyal citizens, including freedmen, were murdered without cause by rebels during his work of reconstruction, the President failed to cause the guilty perpetrators to be arrested, tried or punished, and forcibly dissolved a military commission in Virginia, sitting for the trial of an acknowledged murderer, whom the civil authorities failed to punish, and he is today at large and unmolested. He has brought reproach upon himself and degraded the dignity of his office by indecent harangues to the people, and has denounced Congress as "a body called, or which assumes to be, a Congress of the United States, while in fact it is a Congress of only a part of the States."

RETURN OF EX-GOVERNOR HARRIS.

We are glad to announce the return to his home, near Paris, Henry county, of ISHAM G. HARRIS, ex-Governor of Tennessee, after an exile of nearly three years. Our readers of course remember that Gov. H. left the South for Mexico immediately after the little affair "under an appletree" in Appomattox county, Virginia. He settled down near Cordova on a coffee plantation, until affairs became so unsettled that it was unsafe to his interests and decidedly unprofitable to remain there longer. He thence embarked for Liverpool, England, and issued circulars to his friends that he would transact their business for them as a factor and commission merchant. But the low price of cotton and the indebtedness of Southern planters to their home commission merchants precluded success, we presume. So our gallant, distinguished and true-hearted ex-Governor, determined to turn his footsteps homewards; and right cordially will he be greeted by thousands of true and sympathizing hearts who have followed him in sympathy and affection wherever he has wandered. His history, as a public man, is too well known to require recapitulation; and especially the almost sublime and unswerving devotion which he evidenced—by words and deeds—to the Confederate cause. His devotion was surpassed by that of none of our soldiers and true men.

We presume, nay we know, that in returning home once more, Gov. HARRIS feels deeply the touching language of WALTER SCOTT:

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own my native land;
Whose heart hath ne'er within him burned,
When home his footsteps he hath turned,
From wandering on a foreign strand?"

The Governor reached his home, near Paris, on Sunday night's northern train. He stopped about an hour in Nashville, during his short stay there, paying a visit to the capitol. The APPEAL bids him welcome, thrice welcome, back to the soil of his loved Tennessee.

LEGISLATIVE.

FRIDAY, November 22, 1867.—The Senate rejected House resolution requesting the Governor to order an election for an additional Congressman, for the State at large.

The bill appropriating about $3,850,000 for the benefit of the various railroads in the State, was passed on its second reading, by eighteen to two, Messrs. Carey and Garner, voting in the negative.

A Senate bill in lieu of House bill to reduce the number of militia officers was adopted and passed on its final reading by eighteen to two, Messrs. Carey and Underwood, in the negative. During the debate, Mr. Carey referred to the fact that the Secretary of State has received $15,000 to $18,000 as perquisites, besides his salary, which is fixed by law.

In the House, petitions from the widow of the late Andrew Jackson, jr., and from the trustees of the Hermitage church, were presented and referred.

Mr. Doughty introduced a bill to provide for the redemption of the *bona fide* issues of the Bank of Tennessee.

Mr. Bosson considered the question of great importance, and demanding immediate consideration. It was the opinion of some that by a decision of the Supreme Court the State might be held responsible for the issues of this bank.

Speaker Richards said that if some action in the direction indicated by the bill were not taken, the State would find itself in a condition from which it would be impossible to extricate itself. He had heard that the best legal minds in the State or country held that as sure as the Supreme Court shall give a decision on this question, it will be against the State, and if this decision should be given next winter, after the Legislature has adjourned, in what condition would the finances of the State be found? The bonds of the State would not be worth twenty-five cents on the dollar.

Mr. Hamilton had examined the question carefully and in consultation with the Governor, and the bill was not the work of a moment. It was the wish of the Governor to have the subject investigated. In his opinion and that of his legal advisers, the Supreme Court would eventually decide against the State. The bill was finally referred to a joint committee of the two Houses.

Mr. White offered a resolution calling on Congress for the confiscation of a sufficient amount of rebel property to pay the entire war debt and to indemnify loyal citizens for losses sustained in consequence of the rebellion.

House joint resolution authorizing the Comptroller, under the direction of the Governor, to borrow a sum not exceeding $400,000, to meet the interest on the State debt falling due January 1, 1868, was taken up.

Mr. Bosson made a statement to the House with regard to the necessities of the Treasury. The amount of interest due on the 1st of January next is about $900,000. The ability of the State to meet this interest will depend upon the promptness of the railroads of the State in the payment of the interest on their bonds. The Finance Committee had carefully considered the matter, and were of the opinion that not more than $500,000 of this interest would be forthcoming.

Mr. Hamilton thought it would be difficult to find parties willing to loan money to a State which showed such a disposition to rush on to ruin.

The resolution was passed and transmitted to the Senate.

House bill incorporating the "East Tennessee Marble Company," and authorizing the company to purchase and hold one hundred thousand acres of land, came up on its final reading.

A majority of the Committee on Incorporations recommended an amendment, changing this amount to fifty thousand acres. A minority of the same committee recommend a reduction of the amount to ten thousand acres.

THE KANSAS ELECTION.

The Radical papers of Kansas having stated that the Legislature of that State would be largely in the interest of the dominant party, the Leavenworth *Conservative* gives the following as the true result as far as heard from: "Legislature, twenty-eight Democrats, twenty-seven Radicals, two Independents." Besides this, it continues: "In the three Senatorial vacancies the Democrats have carried all of them, and have a majority in the State on an average of the county tickets. The large Democratic majorities in Atchison, Doniphan, Leavenworth, Wyandotte, Jefferson and Ellsworth counties alone will equal the majorities in all the Republican counties of the State. Kansas will elect next year a Democratic member of Congress, Governor, State ticket, and three Presidential Electors—*mark it*. The Democratic party has never had an organization before since Kansas became a State, and the present is very imperfect. Next year there will be a thorough organization in every county, and the Democracy will sweep the State, from the Missouri to the plains."

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW ORLEANS, November 25.—The Convention met at 11 a.m. Eighty-five members were present. Judge G. Taliaferro was elected permanent President on the third ballot. William Vegors, a negro, was elected Secretary, and another negro was elected Sergeant-at-Arms. On taking the chair, Judge Taliaferro made a brief address, dwelling entirely upon the duty of the Convention in framing a new Constitution for the State.

The Princess Salm-Salm arrived here to-day by the French steamer Souvra from Vera Cruz, accompanied by Eugene DeGyra.

LOUISVILLE, November 25.—The river is falling slowly with two feet ten inches in the canal by the mark. It has been drizzling all day. Thermometer fifty-nine.

RICHMOND, November 25.—Chief Justice Chase did not arrive, and consequently the trial of Mr. Davis was not commenced. Among the witnesses summoned for the Government are Gens. Magruder and Mahone, and Wickham, of South Carolina.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—In the Senate a resolution was adopted exempting from the wool tariff articles actually from the importers, and authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to refund overpaid duties.

A resolution was laid over, and ordered to be printed, directing that all monies derived from the sale of captured or abandoned property be paid into the Treasury.

A resolution was adopted instructing the Military Committee to inquire into the expediency of reducing the military force of the United States.

A resolution of thanks to Sheridan, Sickles and Pope was referred.

A resolution directing the arrest of D. Ward and T. Dunbar, was referred, and then the Senate adjourned.

In the House the credentials of J. S. Gallilday, from the Third District of New York, was referred to the Committee on Elections.

The Committee announced the election of Dawes as Chairman of Committee on Ways and Means, Schenck of Ohio on Banking and Currency, Pomeroy on Appropriations, Stevens on Claims, Bingham on Commerce, Washburne on Public Lands, Julian on Post-office, Farnsworth on the District of Columbia, Ingersoll on the Judiciary, Wilson of Iowa on Public Expenditures, Hurlbutt of New York on Military Affairs, Gorfield on Naval Affairs, Pike on Foreign Affairs.

At two o'clock, Boutwell presented the majority report of the Judiciary Committee, recommending the impeachment of the President. It is signed by Boutwell, Thomas, Williams, Lawrence and Churchill.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, November 25.—It is reported that Kelley, who was rescued from the police at Manchester some time since, has been recaptured.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

LONDON, November 25, evening.—Consuls, 94 7-16c. 5-20s, 70¼c. Illinois Central, 85¼c. Erie, 46¼c.

FRANKFORT, November 25, evening.—United States bonds closed at 75½c.

LIVERPOOL, November 25, evening.—Cotton closed heavy and irregular. Prices declined fully ¼d. Middling Uplands, 8d. Orleans, 8¼d. Sales of 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs closed quiet and steady. Corn, 48s 9d. Wheat, white, California, 16s 9d; No. 2 Milwaukie, 13s 6d.

NEW ORLEANS, November 25.—Sugar is in good demand; Louisiana common, 9½c; fully fair, 12½c; yellow clarified, 13½c. Molasses, common, 70c; choice, 92c. Flour dull and depressed, and lower grades not quoted; choice, $14. Corn firmer at $1 00@1 10. Pork dull; $22 50 is asked. Lard steady; prime tierces, 12½c; keg, 13c. Bacon is dull, and only a retail business doing; shoulders, 12c; rib sides, 14c; clear sides, 16c. Cotton in fair demand but lower; sales 3000 bales; middling Orleans, 16c; receipts same; exports closed at 5784 bales, sterling, 50@52½. New York sight, par@¼c premium. Gold, 40¼.

CINCINNATI, November 25.—Flour very dull and 25c lower; family, $10 25@10 50. Wheat dull and nominal, $2 35@2 50. Corn, new car, 73@74c. Old, shelled, 90c. Oats, 65c. Rye is dull, $1 46@1 48. Whisky, nominally unchanged. Pork dull, $19 50. Lard quiet, 11½@12. Green meats are held at, shoulders, 6½c; sides, 8½c. Hams, 11½c. Bacon shoulders are held at 10¼@11c. Hogs, $6 25@6 65 gross, and $8 25@8 50 net. Butter dull, 30@33c. Cheese steady, 14½@15c. Apples, $2 50@3 50. Potatoes $3. Barley dull. Cotton dull, middling, 15@15½c.

ST. LOUIS, November 25.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton heavy; middling, 14½@15c. Flour irregular, $7@8. Wheat higher, $1 75@2 65. Corn very firm, 97c@$1 05. Oats firmer, 66@70c. Barley higher. $1 45@1 90. Rye stiff, $1 31@1 32. Provisions very dull; clear sides, 16c; sugar cured hams, 18@22c. Lard very dull; choice keg, 13½c. Hogs, $5 75@6 75.

The weather is cloudy and colder.

LOUISVILLE, November 25.—Tobacco quiet; sales 42 hogsheads; prices unchanged; lugs $5; medium leaf $16. Superfine Flour $8. Oats, in bulk, 65 to 66c. Bacon, stock light; shoulders 12c; clear sides 16c. Lard 12½c. Whisky nominally, 35c bonded. Mess Pork $20. Cotton dull. Hogs dull, $6 25@6 65 gross.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Flour 10@15c lower. Wheat nominal. Rye quiet, but firm; Western $1 68@1 70. Oats dull, 68c. Corn dull; mixed Western $1 34@1 36. Pork quiet, but steady, $20 75@20 85. Lard steady, 13@13½c. Cotton ¼ to ½c lower; sales 1800 bales; Uplands 17c.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Receipts at the sub-treasury, $8,748,673. Payments, $7,560,626. Balance, $199,120,763. Money steady at 7 per cent. Sterling dull, 9¼@9½c. Gold irregular, 39½c. The failure of Farris & Dayton, sugar refiners, was announced to-day. Government stocks a shade easier. 10-40s, 102¼@102¾. Stocks heavy.

COMMUNICATION.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

I see in my last APPEAL a statement that there are many widows and orphans in Memphis in such condition that, unless provision is made for them, they will suffer for the necessaries of life—food and clothing. Perhaps there may be a girl, among those families, that would be willing to find a home, where she would receive good treatment, provided she were willing to share the domestic labor of the household. With my companion, who is in delicate health and needs assistance, my family consists of self and wife and three grandsons, of the ages of fourteen, eleven and eight, who are orphans, destitute of father or mother. For a testimonial of my character, etc., I would refer to Messrs. Owens, D. H. Townsend, J. C. Cooper, L. C. Hardwick, etc. Now, as I am one of your patrons, would you please to insert the above notice, so that any girl wishing a home may be informed. I live in Fayette county, Tenn., seven miles southeast of Somerville.

Is it not blaspheming for Andy Johnson to proclaim his thanksgiving under the circumstances? Would it not be more appropriate to request all, both North and South, to go into mourning, clad in sackcloth and ashes; and especially for himself to plead with the Lord to forgive his inconsistencies, even since his promotion to the Presidency, for violating his oath of office, in carrying out alleged acts of the Rump, acting like a flatboatman, looking one way and rowing another. I fear, with the lights before me, we, as a people, are drifting to a desperate port; for when the wicked are in authority the land shall mourn, (says Proverbs.) May the Lord please to avert the calamity that is portending! "The Judge of all the earth will do right," said Abraham, when pleading for Sodom and Gomorrah. I am pleased to see that you contend, earnestly, for the ancient land-marks of the Republic.

Respectfully, PETER CULP.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

VACCARO—The friends and acquaintances of A. Vaccaro and family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, AUGUSTINE VACCARO (late from Italy), This (Tuesday) Morning, at 10 o'clock, from St. Peter's Cathedral. Carriages in attendance.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

LOST—
An OPAL PIN—single small stone. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office. nov26 1t*

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING qualified an Administrator of the estate of U. L. Brooks, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make pay ment to the undersigned. Those having claims against the same, must file them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.
nov26 law4w W. C. MCCLURE, Adm'r.

HOMES, HOMES. HOMES.
I WILL SELL OR LEASE ON TEN YEARS' TIME FIFTY LOTS OF GROUND near the Brick Church in Chelsea, of any size suitable for Residence, Gardens, etc. Also, two of the best Gardens in the county, with good Houses. Prices very moderate. Call soon and take choice. [nov25 5w] B. R. THOMAS.

Conservative Voters of the Fifth Ward.

THE committee of your ward do earnestly call on you once more to meet on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, at the Criminal Court room, on Second street.

Our object is to form a Club, and to prepare ourselves for defending the rights of the white man of the Bluff City, and put back in its place Radicalism and their black allies. Conservatives, don't fail to come forward, as matters of great importance will be discussed.

We would also remind all voters to register at Marsh Warner's Boot and Shoe Store, on Jefferson street, as this is the last week. The election comes off on the 2d of January, 1868. You must be registered thirty days before the election, or you cannot vote. Don't fail to attend. Come one! Come all!

J. P. TOBIN, President.
DANIEL HANLEY, Secretary.
Ledger copy. nov28 2t

EXECUTOR'S SALE
—OF—
"THE OAKS,"
THE FORMER RESIDENCE OF
Colonel John Pope, Dec'd,

FIVE MILES from the city, on the RALEIGH ROAD, embracing the beautiful

Homestead Lot of Forty Acres,

And FIFTY LOTS of ABOUT FIVE ACRES EACH, takes place on

Friday Next, November 29th.

Conveyances leave our office at 9 o'clock a.m.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
nov24 tds Auctioneers.

Southern
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE REMOVED
TO NO. 17 MADISON STREET.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the

Southern Life Insurance Company

Of Memphis, held on the 24 instant, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

S. C. Brinkley, Sam. Tate,
Amos Woodruff, F. S. Davis,
C. C. Norris, W. A. Gwyn,
C. Howes, G. W. McLain,
F. B. Wills, C. C. Spencer,
N. W. Fraser, S. W. Fozrest,
Jacob Weller, S. H. De Bevoise.
Frank White,

At a subsequent meeting of the Directory, the following officers were unanimously elected:
President.....G. W. MCLAIN.
Vice Presidents.....R. C. BRINKLEY
F and SAM TATE.
Secretary.....BEN MAY.
Treasurer.....F. S. DAVIS. nov26

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a trust deed executed to Pendleton Colston and myself, on the 14th day of June, 1867, by B. J. Plummer, and now on file in the Register's Office of Shelby county, Tenn., in book No. 6½, part 2, pages 632, 633 and 634, for the purpose of securing the payment of a promissory note therein mentioned, I will, Pendleton Colston being absent from the State, and being requested so to do by the beneficiary named in said deed, on

Friday, the 6th day of December, 1867,

on the premises, in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, State of Tennessee, expose to public sale and process to sell to the highest bidder the following described real estate, to-wit: a certain leasehold, situate and lying on Vance street, in the city of Memphis, being the same conveyed to the said Plummer by deed of lease from Thomas H. Allen, guardian, dated the 23d day of April, 1866, and to expire on the 23d day of April, 1876, and now on record in the Register's Office of Shelby county. The premises in said deed of trust are described as follows, viz: A lot belonging to the minor heirs of Claiborne DeLoach, deceased, on the south side of Vance street, beginning one hundred and fifteen sixteen-one hundredths feet from the intersection of the south side of Vance street with the west side of Gosier street, thence southward parallel with Gosier street one hundred and fifty feet to an alley sixteen feet wide parallel with Vance street, thence westward with the north line of said alley fifty-seven fifty-eight-one-hundredths feet, thence northward one hundred and fifty feet to the south side of Vance street, thence eastward fifty-seven fifty-eight-one-hundredths feet to the beginning. Said premises being Lot No. 3 in a subdivision of the property of the said heirs situated on Vance and Gosier streets.

The title to said property is believed to be good, but I will sell and convey only as trustee.

Terms—Two thousand dollars cash; the balance in three, six and nine months, with good security. Equity of redemption waived. Sale between hours of 10 and 2 o'clock.

L. S. MARIE,
nov26 Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed on the 12th day of November, 1866, by Rebecca Chalmers and James K. Chalmers, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Record Book No. 58, part 2, pages 561, et sequiter, to secure certain notes therein described, I will, on

Saturday, the 28th Day of December, 1867,

between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 1 o'clock p.m., on the southwest corner of Main and Madison streets, in the city of Memphis, sell at public outcry, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property, lying and being in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, and known and designated as follows, to-wit: One tract lying nearly east of the city of Memphis and fronting on what is known as the New Raleigh road, and described as follows, to-wit: Being lots Nos. 1) one and (2) and three acres adjoining lots No (2) on the south line running east and west, containing forty acres as laid down and designated in the plan of subdivision of the J. M. Lewis' 640 acre tract, belonging to Wm. F. Harvin, according to survey made by Milton A. Kerr, and duly recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, and upon which is a frame house and other improvements. Also a certain other tract described as follows, to-wit: Two certain lots numbered 6 and 7, and fronting (50) fifty feet each on Jones avenue, lying and being in the city of Memphis, being a part of a 40 acre tract conveyed by deed of R. C. Brinkley to Mrs Sarah W. Jones on the 1st day of January, 1859, which deed is of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 5, pp 238 and 239, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Gailor's lot (50) feet from the southeast corner of Jones avenue and Hando street; thence eastwardly with the gailor's line 170 feet to a stake; thence southwardly and parallel to Jones avenue one hundred feet to a stake; thence westwardly and parallel with Gailor's line one hundred and seventy feet to the east side of Jones avenue, and thence northwardly with the east side of Jones avenue 100 feet to the beginning. Also, another tract described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point where the east side of Fifth street intersects the north side of Caroline street; thence eastwardly with the northern boundary of Caroline street 137½ feet to an alley; thence northward with western boundary of said alley 95 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with the northern boundary of Caroline street 137½ feet to the eastern boundary of Fifth street; thence southwardly with the eastern boundary of said Fifth street 95 feet to the beginning. The right of redemption is waived, and the title to the above described property is believed to be good, but I convey only as Trustee.

WM. H. FITCH, Trustee.
Wilson & Beard, Attorneys.
November 25, 1867. nov26

NOTICE TO
Lady Managers of Church Fairs

Menken Brothers have just opened a large stock of new, novel and handsome German and French Toys, which they will sell to Fair Managers at very moderate prices. Many of these goods are much superior to anything previously exhibited in Memphis. nov24 1w

W. ARTHUR WHEATLEY, Memphis, BENJ. AVENT, Murfreesboro.
Office, Bethel Block, Corner Main and South Court Streets.

WHEATLEY & AVENT,
General Collectors,
And Life Insurance Brokers,
COLLECT ON COMMISSION,

RENTS, Merchants' and Physicians' accounts, Rents, Cash immediately on collection; accounts put in Attorneys' or Sheriffs' hands when desired.

Ample securities given for amounts entrusted. Life Insurance Policies secured in Standard Capital Companies.

HOME REFERENCES:
F. W. Royster, J. P. Trezevant, S. Mosby, F. W Smith, President People's Bank, Judge Archibald Wright, Drs. Avent & Saunders, Dr. Alex Erskine, Dr. Miles Willett, Eugene Magevny, Rev. T. D. Witherspoon.

ABROAD:
Wheatly, Williams & Co., 101 Wall street, New York; Col. Jas. E. Saunders, Jas. Lawrence Watkins, Alabama; Gen. J. R. Palmer, J. M. Avent, Murfreesboro.
Attorney, L. E. McFarland. nov24 1m

TOYS AT WHOLESALE:
Menken Brothers
OFFER TO DEALERS
25 Cases German and French Toys of their own Importation, at New York Prices.
no24-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER
Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer.....C. D. STEINKUHL

First appearance in Memphis of the talented young Tragedienne, Miss FANNY PRICE, supported by the popular and sterling Artist, Mr. D. HANCHETT.

Tuesday Evening, November 26.—Miss FANNY PRICE will appear in one of her most Powerful Plays.

In active preparation, UNDER THE GAS LIGHT, NOBODY'S DAUGHTER, and Mr. John McDonough's original and only legitimate BLACK CROOK.

Doors open at ½ to 7; curtain to rise at 7½ precisely. Seats may be secured six days in advance.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE
G. J. DEAGLE.....Lessee and Manager.
TONY DENIER.....Stage Manager.

Saturday Evening, November 23.—BILL OF INJUNCTION DISMISSED—Every Night Until Further Notice. The Grand Legendery Drama, A TALE OF ENCHANTMENT triumphant over the BLACK CROOK.

Admission, $1; Family Circle, 50c. No extra charge for reserved seats. Box Office open from 10 a.m. till 4 p.m. Doors open at 6½; Curtain rises at 7½. nov23 tf

FAIR AND FESTIVAL
—AT—
MEMPHIS CLUB HALL,
—IN—
Greenlaw Opera Building,
Cor. Second and Union Sts., commencing
MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1867,
To aid in the erection of
ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

Tickets, : : : : Fifty Cents.
nov28 1w

RACES! RACES! RACES!
Memphis Association Course.

THERE will be three days' TROTTING RACES at this Course, commencing on THURSDAY, 28th instant.

FIRST DAY.

First Race, Purse $150, will be mile heats, three in five, to harness, free for all horses, trotting.

First Race, Purse $150, two mile heats, to wagons, free for all horses.

SECOND DAY.

Second Race, Purse $100, for pacing horses, mile heats, free for all horses.

Second Race, Purse $100, for trotting horses owned in Shelby county, mile heats, three in five, to harness.

THIRD DAY.

First Race, Purse $150, mile heats, three in five, for all beaten horses, trotting.

Second Race, Purse $150, mile heats, for all trotting horses that have not trotted inside of 2:45 in public.

Three or more to fill each race. Entrance ten per centum; entries to close on Monday evening at seven o'clock, at the Gayoso House. Pools will also be sold at the Gayoso House at half-past seven o'clock. A. D. GIBSON,
no24 Secretary.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—
To all whom it may concern:
I will, on the first Monday in December next, apply for letters of administration on the estate of Jahiel Jones, deceased.
November 6, 1867. J. H. JONES.
no7 law4w*

Notice.

I WILL sell my lower Plantation in Tunica county, or exchange it for other good property, or lease it for the next year or for a series of years. It is one of the highest and best in the bottom, about 40 miles below Memphis.
A. WRIGHT.
oct19 tf

NOTICE.

THE Law Firm of THOMPSON & FRAZER is dissolved by mutual consent of the parties. Both of them will give attention to the business in their charge till closed.
WM. G. THOMPSON,
C. W. FRAZER.
November 20, 1867. nov21

NOTICE.

BY authority of R. G. Dun & Co., New York, the undersigned hereby assumes control of their interests in this city.
S. B. WRIGHT,
MEMPHIS, Nov. 22, 1867. no24 6t

NOTICE.

ALL persons interested will take notice that I will make application at the December term, 1867, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, for letters of administration upon the estate of John B. McNicol, deceased.
CHARLES HARRIS.
November 13, 1867. nov13 law3w

Notice.

ALL persons holding claims against the estate of David Weeks, deceased, are notified to file them with the undersigned within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.
F. SMITH, Administrator.
October 28 1867. oc30 law4w*

Notice.

ON and after the 21st inst., our rates for Compressing Cotton will be $1 25 per bale, which includes, as before, one Drayage, Covering Sample Holes and Fire Insurance while in our possession. All cotton received prior to said date, will be charged at $1 50 per bale for Compressing.

All bills for Compressing are due and payable at the time such cotton is delivered to the carrier.

Southwestern Freight & Cotton Press Co.,
By J. MERRITT, President.
GILL & MAURY,
Chickasaw Steam Cotton Press.
Memphis, Nov ember 19, 1867. nov20 2w

BANKRUPTS.

MANY persons in this city are receiving notices daily from their debtors, applying for discharges under the Bankrupt Act, *which they deem nonsense.* All such will find it greatly to their interest by calling on the undersigned, No. 19 Madison street. HUME F. HILL,
no24-6t U. S. Commissioner.

A SPLENDID CHANCE.

OPAL SALOON FOR SALE. I offer for sale the magnificently fitted up, and centrally located, Opal Saloon, in the Greenlaw Building, Second street, next rooms to the Greenlaw Opera House. Extensive improvements are about to be made to the Opera House—the House closed and regularly kept open through the season. These, when completed, will make it one of the first Theaters in the Southwest. Those desiring to engage in the Saloon business will find this a splendid opportunity for investment. For Terms, apply on the premises to
nov24 1w JAMES H. CAMERON.

GEO. W. MORRIS, Fayette Co., Tenn.
WM. M CRAWFORD, Fayette Co., Tenn.
JOHN A. LEA, Memphis, Tenn.
I. J. ALKER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

MORRIS, LEA & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
Grocers and Commission Merchants
225 Second Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : : : TENNESSEE.

Orders Promptly Filled.
nov24 1w

MISS BETTIE C. YANCEY
WILL open a School for Young Ladies, at her residence, No. 61 Linden street, commencing MONDAY, November 18, 1867. A class of Boys will also be received. The Principal will be assisted by competent instructors.
Terms moderate.
Memphis, November 12, 1867. nov13 1m

To Bridge Builders.

HAVING been appointed by the County Court to have a "Substantial Bridge" erected over Cypress Creek, on the old Raleigh road, the undersigned will receive bids for the same until the 20th inst.
JESSE FORREST,
S. C. SNYDER, and others.
nov23 3t

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,
Poplar Street, East

Daily Memphis Appeal
Nov 26 1867

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WM. H. FITCH, JR., is a candidate for the office of Mayor at the ensuing municipal election. nov19 te

JOHN R. BOWEN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
J. W. KING.
nov7 te

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. aul te

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—
A DWELLING HOUSE, corner of Alabama and Hill streets. Rent low to a good tenant. Furniture will be sold, if desired. Apply to
N. H. STOUT & BRO.,
No. 227 Second street.
nov24 1w

City Residence For Rent.

THAT elegant and spacious Dwelling, No. 98 Court street, containing some ten or twelve rooms, in excellent condition. Suitable, from its central location, for a first-class boarding house, or private residence. TERMS—$2000 per annum, payable monthly in advance by notes well secured. Apply to
M. B. TREZEVANT, Att'y at Law,
23 Jefferson street.
no24 6t Over Citizens' Union Bank.

FOR RENT—
The PLANTATION of the late John F. Hamlin, deceased, containing 1140 acres, situated eight miles east of Memphis, near the Pigeon Roost Road; 800 acres cleared and in a fine state for cultivation. The place will be rented in a body or any number of acres, to suit tenants. Houses all new and in good order, with many conveniences, including Gin, Mill, Blacksmith's shop, etc.
Also, 2000 acres rich bottom land in Tunica county, Miss., opposite Helena, five miles from the river, with comfortable improvements and under good fence; will be rented in a body or in quantity to suit tenants. 400 acres open land.
Apply to F. W. IRVINE, 278 Front Row, for further information, or JOHN R. CANRER, Administrator John F. Hamlin, deceased.
Memphis, November 20, 1867. nov22 1m

FOR RENT—
A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Poplar and Alabama streets. A number one stand. Can command a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 309 Alabama street.
nov21 tf

FOR RENT—
A new brick Business House, three stories high, with cellar and all necessary improvements, just completed, at No. 2 Howard's Row.
Also, the Wheatley plantation, eight miles south of Memphis, between the river and Horn Lake road. It contains 600 acres of fertile open land under good fence, with improvements located so as to make the place susceptible of division into three tracts of 200 acres each. This is one of the best places in the country, suitable for grain or cotton-growing, or for a stock farm.
Apply to Dr. D. D. Saunders, 57 South Court street, or J. C. Weaver, on the plantation.
no31-2aw

FOR RENT—
The residence of Dr. WM. V. TAYLOR, Sr., on Poplar street extended, just beyond city limits, and within one hundred yards of the city railway. The house contains ten rooms, with out-houses, two large cisterns, and all other necessary conveniences, together with Three Acres of Land attached, comprising rich garden spot, orchard, etc.
Will be rented either for one year, or leased to a good tenant for a term of years.
For terms, etc., apply to
J. A. TAYLOR,
Attorney-at-Law, over Commercial Bank.
nov16 2w

FOR RENT—
My residence on Thornton avenue, between Old Market and Alabama streets, where I now reside; ¾ acre of land, house eleven rooms, stable, etc.; all the conveniences of a first-class home, at the same time convenient to the business part of the city. Possession given the first of December or sooner if desired.
J. H. WAGGENER,
294 Main street
nov13 tf

FOR RENT—
The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.
Apply to M. L. MEACHAM,
oct2 tf No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—
Store Houses Nos. 356 and 361 Shelby street. Also, a large office in the Walker block.
Apply to THOS. H. COCKE,
oct5 tf 273½ Main street, up stairs.

FOR RENT—
A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct4 tf J. W. PAGE, JR.

TO RENT—
Two large and splendid Halls at No. 221 Second street, in Adams Block, suitable for literary associations, balls, private parties, clubs, lectures, fairs, etc. Will be rented reasonably. Inquire of M. Hill, Main street, Webster block; or Miller, Liese, on the premises, from 7 to 10 o'clock p.m.
se21

FOR RENT—
STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Buildiug, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. F. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No. 1 and 2.
my22 tf

FOR RENT FOR THE YEAR 1868.

A SMALL FARM, in the immediate vicinity of Germantown, and not more than half a mile from the depot, containing some seventy-five acres, about half of which is in cultivation, the balance in grove and timber, with a good and comfortable dwelling house, containing six rooms, with out-houses, etc., a good spring of never failing water, and other appendages. Possession given on the 1st of January next, and ending the 31st of December following. Apply to Henry T. Jones, living in sight of the place
nov5-law4w* HENRY T. JONES.

WANTS.

WANTED—
A situation as Book-keeper or Salesman. References given, if required. Apply at this office. nov20

WANTED—THE PATENT
AURORA OIL.

We want me every where to study their own INTERESTS, to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money in the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn the Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney. It does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we can not prove all, and more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold wealth.
For further information, call on or address
H. C. Lewis & Co.,
24 Madison street, corner Main,
jy19 Memphis, Tenn.

LOST--FOUND.

$25 REWARD—
For any information that will lead to the recovery of a counter-shaft Bay Mules, aged 3 years each, one a mare, the other a horse mule, strayed on the 8th of this month, and was last heard from at Collierville, on the direction of Memphis. The above reward will be cheerfully paid. Any person knowing of the same will please send to E. KING, north Mc Nairy, Marshall county, Miss. nov20 1w

LOST, STRAYED or STOLEN—
Three COWS from Alabama street, between Market street and the Raleigh road, on Saturday, the 16th inst.—one a Red Cow with a bell on; one a full White one, and one Brindle on both sides, with nearly white belly and her back in full white. Any information left with me will be liberally rewarded.
MICHAEL JOYCE,
Alabama street, next to soda Water Factory.
nov19 1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—
A FARM of 320 acres, 200 acres in cultivation, with a good Dwelling House, Gin House, Grist Mill, Cotton Gin and Press, Peach and Apple Orchard, Strawberry, Raspberry and other fruits. The renter or purchaser will have the refusal of the provender, stock and implements of agriculture now on the place—known as the "Buster Place," 14 miles from Memphis, one mile from the Pigeon Roost road. Inquire of D. V. DENIS, 149 Main street. nov23 1w

VALUABLE RIVER PLANTATION
—FOR—
SALE or RENT,

THE farm known as the Richardson place, in Tipton county, Tenn., five miles below Randolph, containing 996 acres, of which 450 acres are cleared and under a fine state of cultivation. There are on the place a comfortable dwelling house and negro cabins, a good gin house, and all necessary out-houses. Terms reasonable. Apply to Ashe, McLennan & Co., 284 Front st., Memphis, or to the undersigned at Covington, Tennessee.
nov3-1m J. R. PALMER.

FOR SALE.

Four Hundred Acres of Fine Land,

ONLY fifty acres cleared, balance heavily timbered; most of it above overflow, situated on Loosa Hatchie river, three miles north of Raleigh.
Terms of purchase are very favorable
Apply to FINIS BURROW,
Raleigh, Tenn.,
Or to L. O. RIVES, Attorney at Law, Jones' Building, Memphis, Tenn. nov1 1m

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.
This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, with good security.
Also, 2500 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.
These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.
Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
mh3-tf 293 Main street, Memphis

KNABE PIANOS!
KNABE PIANOS!

THESE unrivalled instruments are fully warranted for seven years, and are for sale at
NO. 375 MAIN ST., (Jackson Block,)
Memphis, Tennessee,
se22 tf By LEGOLDOIGOEPEL.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK
AROMATIC VEGETABLE Soap Combined with Glycerine, recommended for the delicate skins of Ladies and Children. Invented by COLGATE & Co., N. Y. Sold by all Dealers.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

TUESDAY, : : : : NOVEMBER 26, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	1:55 p.m.	6:40 a m
Through Mail Daily	1:40 p.m.	6:10 p m
Somerville Accommodation Daily (Sundays excepted)	7:45 a.m.	5:15 p.m

Ticket office, 278 corner of South Court st.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Express	10:45 a m.	4:00 p.m

SAM. B. JONE, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	3:45 p.m.	4:40 a m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p.m.	5 p.m.

To Commence Saturday, October 19th, 1867.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. oct19

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:15 p.m.
For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east at 5:30 p.m.
For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and cities south, at 4 p.m.
All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 5:30 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 3 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.
For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.
R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

BUSINESS.—We request that our advertising patrons hand in their favors at the Counting Room by six o'clock p.m., to insure insertion next day. Obituary and Death notices will be received at the Composition Room up to eleven o'clock.

THREE DAYS' RACING.—It is announced that there will be three days' trotting races over the Memphis Association course, commencing on the 28th. The advertisements will convey the particulars.

A MISTAKE.—In our local notice of Sunday, in reference to the elegant China and Queensware establishment of Mr. Erich, the name was printed Chas. W. instead of Chas. N. Erick. Although but few might be mistaken, we hasten to make the correction.

IN TOWN.—Col. C. W. S. Brown, the General Agent of the Little Miams, as well as Capt. M. E. Scott, of the Pennsylvania Central railroad, is in town, putting up at the Overton. Their transportation friends will be glad to know of this fact.

STEALING BAGGAGE.—Officer Chamberlin arrested one J. H. Jackson yesterday, charged with stealing a carpet sack on the levee, the property of David Gammon. The goods were found in his possession. He will come before a justice to-day.

LOST WATCH.—M. Combs, Jr., of the claim agency, lost a valuable gold watch in a house of ill fame on Saturday night. Two inmates and an ex-metropolitan policeman, named Charles Rogers, were arrested. The females were released on bonds and the man put in jail. This, it would appear, is a bad claim.

THANKS.—It affords us much pleasure to return our thanks to Mr. T. E. Morris, conductor on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad, for polite and kind attention bestowed at Taft's Station. Courtesies, when rendered to a perfect stranger, are the more highly appreciated and ever characterize the true gentleman.

SENT UP.—An old negro offender, Jim Cobb, alias Tom, who has been repeatedly before the courts since he got his freedom, was handed up before Mr. Justice Black yesterday, charged with stealing a quantity of clothing from a room on Beale street. Jim was sent up accordingly. A previous true bill is hanging over his head.

WANTED.—Information wanted of Mrs. Nancy Dickey, formerly resident of Columbia, Chicot county, Ark., or of either of her children, Francis Jane or Susan Rebecca. Any one knowing of their whereabouts will confer on them a favor of importance by leaving information at the APPEAL office, or with J. N. Hamlett, Columbia, Ark.

JUST RECEIVED.—Our enterprising friends, Messrs. Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co., booksellers and stationers, near the corner of Main and Madison, have just received an edition of Miss Muhlbach's work on Josephine, which is the best of the series. They have the latest and best on hand, and cannot fail to give satisfaction to all purchasers.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was to have taken place yesterday at twelve o'clock, but at the appointed hour only two persons were present besides the President and Secretary. The supineness of our business men in regard to this matter is most deplorable. Why will they not awaken at last to their true interests, and make a *live* body of this important organization?

RETURNED.—Dr. A. H. Kerr has returned home from Nashville, where he was in attendance on the sessions of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. He had just opened the Assembly with an impressive discourse from Psalm 48th, first and last verses, when a dispatch was handed him announcing the dying condition of a sprightly and beautiful little daughter, Sarah Ward, eight years of age.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—About eleven o'clock yesterday morning as Mr. Thos. Ganter and Mr. Augustina Vaccaro were engaged in repairing a cistern on Beal street, the latter fell a distance of about twenty-five feet, dislocating his neck and fracturing his skull, thereby causing almost instant death as he never uttered a word after the accident, expiring in about half an hour. An inquest was held by Mr. Coroner Cotton, whose jury returned a verdict of "accidental death." The funeral will take place at ten o'clock this morning from St. Peter's Church.

ROW IN SCOTLAND.—On Sabbath night some parties, understanding that a wedding was to be celebrated between a new widower and an ancient maiden, concluded to offer them a *shiveric*. The wedding did not come off, but the tin pans sounded nevertheless. The serenading party received from the occupants of the building first cold and then hot water. The latter seemed to warm them up, but it was only when the knotted handkerchief was applied to the ringleader that the crowd dispersed. The police were absent on the occasion.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.—A man named Henry Duggan, who was supposed to have snakes in his boots, or otherwise bothered, attempted, yesterday morning, to commit suicide by throwing himself in the river, near the foot of Jefferson street. He was, however, rescued from a watery grave by Capt. Billy Meugall, of the tug Nettie Jones. The wild individual was conveyed first to his boarding house, but becoming restive, quarters were furnished him in the Adams street prison for the night. He will probably be discharged on his good behavior this morning.

REVIVING.—Business is reviving on all hands, and merchants are on the *qui vive* for country customers who are coming in rapidly and filling up the hotels and boarding houses. The Worsham, under Mr. Galloway, is taking the lead, and seems to be the great favorite with our country cousins. It deserves the patronage it is receiving as there is no better hotel in the country. Cotton is rather depressed, and greenbacks are very scarce, but we expect in a few days to chronicle an unparalled activity in every department of trade, and a restoration of the business so eagerly sought and desired by our merchants.

A NEW FIRM.—Messrs. Wheatly & Avent have formed a partnership for the transaction of a General Collection and Life Insurance brokerage, and are domiciled in the Bethel Block. They are young gentlemen—full of life and ambition—experienced in the details of business, and thoroughly reliable in all respects. They possess talent, indomitable energy and unquestionable integrity, and will make judicious custodians of the interests of all who may favor them with their patronage. Their card sets forth the different branches to which they will devote their attention, and knowing them as we do, heartily commend them to the many readers of the APPEAL.

EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH. At No. 237½ Main street, and at the depot, head of Main street, Memphis, are the offices where Messrs. Asa Hill and Frank Townsend furnish tickets to travelers in all directions, with all the information requisite, as to time, connections, etc. These are affable, courteous gentlemen, who thoroughly understand their business and pay strict attention to the comfort and convenience of passengers. They have six hundred different forms of tickets to as many points. By calling upon them, or either of them, the traveler is assured of the best and cheapest route to any point he may desire to reach. They are passenger agents of the Memphis and Louisville line, of which Col. Sam. B. Jones is the efficient and worthy superintendent, and which, under his careful supervision, is one of the very best conducted lines in the entire South and West.

ANOTHER HOMICIDE.

MAN KILLED IN DAYLIGHT.

An Old Citizen the Victim.

Yesterday about three o'clock p.m., the shot of a pistol was heard, the sound proceeding from the wholesale confectionery and fruit store of James Malatesta, under the Odd Fellows' Hall. A man, who proved to be Angelo Marre, was seen hastening up Main street to the corner of Jefferson, where he was arrested by Officer Charles Scott. When arrested an empty Derringer pistol was found on his person, and he admitted that he had shot Malatesta and gave up the pistol. He was taken at once to the police station of the First district, whence he was removed to the county prison by Officer Marton, on a warrant sworn out by C. L. Morrison before 'Squire Miller. We have heard several stories as to the commencement of the affair. One was to the effect that Marre had loaned $500 to Joe Cubel, late of the Crystal Palace, in which Malatesta was said to be interested. Marre called upon Malatesta about the money, and after some words, was told if he wished to see him he must see him in his office, and Malatesta turned and walked back. Finding himself followed, he again turned toward the front of the store, and when near the front door, Marre drew his pistol and fired, the ball striking Malatesta on the forehead, over the left eye. Death was not instantaneous, but the wounded man never spoke a word after he was shot. He was conveyed to the rear of the store and surgical advice immediately called in. Drs. Harrison, Mitchell and Sterling were soon in attendance, but no human effort could avail. Malatesta died at half past 4 o'clock. He had yellow fever, during the prevalence of the epidemic, and had only recently recovered. He was unmarried, and was about thirty years old. He had been successful in business, and highly esteemed, especially by his countrymen. Coroner Cotton was summoned, and as the shooting occurred at an hour when many persons were passing and several in the store, the inquest probably elicited all the material facts which were given by the following witnesses: L. Podesta and J. S. Rutherford. Coroner Cotton and his Jury closely examining the witnesses returned the following verdict: "That the deceased came to his death from the effects of a pistol shot wound at the hands of Angelo Marre." This is one of the most sad occurrences that has happened in Memphis for many a day. The deceased will be sincerely regretted by all who knew him. He was well known as a quiet and peaceable citizen. His remains will be interred to-day.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—This house last night was not well filled—the falling of the appearance of the star, together with other prevalent amusements, tended somewhat to this result. The pieces, however, were well produced and capitally acted, the stock appearing in full force. Miss Pierson's singing her excellent songs in *The Quakeress* and *Her* seemed to be fully appreciated, and drew forth repeated encores. To-night Miss Fanny Price will appear in one of her best characters.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.—The moisture last evening, especially under flooding dwells Mrs. Whittier, who came to Memphis in 1811. Her first husband was Squire Grace, by common consent the Judge of the first High Court of errors, quarrels, fights and appeals ever established in Memphis. His decisions in all matters of trade or honor were deemed final. There were no legally established tribunals in those early days. If there had been, the appointees of remote Federal and State Governments would have commanded no more respect and obedience than those of unknown and ignorant adventurers who now reign in this unfortunate city. If the healthfulness of North Memphis were questioned, we might point to Mrs. Whittier, who now insists that the corporate limits should be extended, that she may live forever in the confines of the city of the olden time. If Memphis youths would learn the history of their fathers, and that of the city, they should pay their respects to Mrs. Whittier, the incidents of whose early life would fill the pages of an interesting book.

THE FIRST SEA FIGHT IN FRONT OF MEMPHIS.

Sixty feet from Shelby street on Gayoso, in the rear of brick buildings of modern date, stands the old Marine Hospital. An iron safe, stolen by soldiers and emptied there, constitutes the stepping stone before the entrance to the ancient edifice. It is of brick, two stories in height, and rapidly going to decay. Save now and then a pleasure party, or reproduction of old memories will cause many to visit the classic purlieus of Pinch, destined to become, as in the primeval history of Memphis, a great center of trade and business activity. The reader of this simple recital of facts and associations may live to see the ancient dilapidated tavern rebuilt or wholly renovated. Andrew Jackson's apartment, like Washington's, in Longfellow's residence at Cambridge, or in the Powhattan House in Richmond, will be pointed out to visitors of Memphis, and the little dram shop on the South corner of Toncony's Alley and Chickasaw street, will become historically famous.

A VENERABLE AND EXCELLENT WOMAN.

There were balls in those ancient days of Memphis. We have heard of one in which Jackson figured, in the dining room of the old Bell Tavern. There was but one woman among the living, who participated in the pleasures of the evening. Her home is just beyond the bayou, in Chelsea, to the right of Chickasaw street extended. In a modest framed building dwells Mrs. Whittier, who came to Memphis in 1811. Her first husband was Squire Grace, by common consent the Judge of the first High Court of errors, quarrels, fights and appeals ever established in Memphis. His decisions in all matters of trade or honor were deemed final. There were no legally established tribunals in those early days. If there had been, the appointees of remote Federal and State Governments would have commanded no more respect and obedience than those of unknown and ignorant adventurers who now reign in this unfortunate city. If the healthfulness of North Memphis were questioned, we might point to Mrs. Whittier, who now insists that the corporate limits should be extended, that she may live forever in the confines of the city of the olden time. If Memphis youths would learn the history of their fathers, and that of the city, they should pay their respects to Mrs. Whittier, the incidents of whose early life would fill the pages of an interesting book.

OLD TIMES AND OLD MEMORIES

ANDREW JACKSON IN MEMPHIS.

His Abiding Place, Personal and Local History.

The First Sea Fight in Front of Memphis.

A Proper Task for the Old Folks at Home.

There are localities in Memphis historically famous. At the corner of Toncony's Alley and Chickasaw street stands the time-worn country inn, known in the days of Memphis village hood, as the Big Bell Tavern. This decaying wooden structure, like most houses built here in the earlier years of the century, was erected upon cedar posts instead of foundation stones. To these the weather-boarding of two low stories is nailed. The structure, thirty feet square, is not more than twenty in hight. There is not a vestige of paint remaining on the exterior walls, and, within, there are six narrow rooms unplastered, with low ceilings. The old mantlepieces bear the imprint of many bootheels. In fact, tradition designates the track of Andrew Jackson on the mantle of the little chamber which he was wont to occupy. It was in this contracted apartment that Jackson, Judge Overton and Gen. Winchester planned the city, of late subject to terrible commercial and political revulsions. The old building of which we speak is now occupied by an Emeradar who may never have heard of Andrew Jackson. In fact, the historical memory of men will never more extend beyond "the war"—the era from which every incident in American life hereafter bears date, as from or after the battle of New Orleans, Gen. Jackson was an inmate of the old Bell Tavern. Here trades were consummated, property bought and sold, and streets and public squares planned, for which Memphis of to-day owes debts of gratitude to the liberalized views of Jackson, Overton, and the Messrs. Winchester. Curiosity hunters, in older countries, would seek the contracted apartment in which Andrew Jackson was wont to think, play cards and sleep, and mantles and doors, as relics, would be borne away piecemeal. In years by reproduction of old memories will cause many to visit the classic purlieus of Pinch, destined to become, as in the primeval history of Memphis, a great center of trade and business activity. The reader of this simple recital of facts and associations may live to see the ancient dilapidated tavern rebuilt or wholly renovated. Andrew Jackson's apartment, like Washington's, in Longfellow's residence at Cambridge, or in the Powhattan House in Richmond, will be pointed out to visitors of Memphis, and the little dram shop on the South corner of Toncony's Alley and Chickasaw street, will become historically famous.

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THE COURTS.

LAW COURT.—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—The cases set for trial to-day are as follows:

272 M & A of M vs M & O R R Co.
267 Chandler & Co. vs M & A of M.
271 Meath vs same.
276 M & A of M vs Vanamaker.
278 Do. vs Kerr.
282 Cameron vs M & A of M.
283 Erskine vs Chamegne et al.
285 Burnett, ex'r, vs Ayers.
286 Wills & Sears vs Farris et al.
287 Doyle vs Beachett et al.
288 Foster, Gywn & Co. vs Oliver.
289 Jones & Drake vs Hunt.
290 Gaither, sur. part. vs Hartley.
294 M Central & T R R Co. vs Noiment.
296 Morgan vs Yehling.
297 M & Overton Hotel Co. vs Bannon, adm'r.
298 Same vs Berrigan, adm'x.
299 Same vs Becktold, adm'x.
301 Griffith, Hyatt & Co. vs Beanbl & Co.
302 Curtis, sur. part. vs M & A of M.
303 Kirtland vs Pearson et al.
304 Pope, ex'r, et al vs Stephens.
309 Garrison & Mayne vs Coleman & Co.
306 Parran vs Burch.
307 Harthaway vs Carr et al.
308 Eagle Ins. Co. vs Williams et al.
309 Coleman Bros. vs Gault.
310 Johnson vs Health et al.
313 Brown vs Robinson et al.
317 Weir vs Shute.
317 Ford vs Waldron.
318 Palmer & Mitchell, use, etc., vs Carrona.
319 Hannunkoki, use etc, vs Williams & Co et al.
323 May vs Martin.
324 Porter vs Strong.
325 Creighton vs Wisson.
326 Hamilton vs Mallory.
327 Henderson et al vs steamer "W H Langley" and owners.
328 Alexander vs White.
329 Brunschieler vs Bolling, Riggs & Co.
330 Jordan, by next friend, vs Goggin, Trader & Holt.
331 Shall, *prochein ami*, vs Jones et al.
332 Morgan vs Mallory.
333 Cassiday vs Mallory.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1867.

334 Fenton & Co vs Morton & Co.
335 Graham vs Munford.
336 Warren vs same.
338 Hawthorne vs Hunter.
340 Hawthorne, *prochein ami*, vs Hunter.
340 Lawrence vs Joiner.
342 Pollard vs Dean et al.
344 Spencer vs Woodward et al.
346 Norville, Boone & Co vs Vaden.
347 China Insurance Company vs steamer "Conway" and owners.
348 Williams vs steamer "Izetta" and owners.
349 Montgomery et al vs Mix.
350 Winston, Churchill & Co vs Schall.
351 O'Neel vs Reagan.
352 Miller vs Perry et ux.
354 Harris, use, etc, vs Grosvener.
355 McAdams, adm'r vs Medlock.
356 Fraime vs McGinley.
358 Odell vs Malone
359 Coleman, use, etc, vs Flaherty.
360 Cairo vs Egnew et al.
361 Baum, ad'x vs Carroll.
362 Crosby vs Stuck.
363 Chase vs Redford et al.
364 Partee et al vs O'Hern.
365 Chase vs Bloom.
369 Finnie vs Murray et al.
370 Shelton, Jones & Co vs Divine.
371 Cerrey & Co vs Walt et al.
372 Knapp vs Ray.
373 Bolton et al vs Miller.
374 Malone vs Malone.
375 Barcnie vs Jacobs.
376 Mallory vs M. & C. R. R. Co.
377 Feits vs Saddler. Trustee.
378 Jennings vs Joiner.
380 Pursell vs Fenton.
382 Logonnazino vs Brackley.
383 Connally vs Alexander et al.
384 Ackerman vs Block.
386 Holland vs Waterhouse & Co.
387 Cash vs Tipping.
390 Stewart vs Boyd.
391 Haynes vs Lawless.
398 Taylor, use, etc, vs Burnett.
399 Adair vs Wright.
400 Arnold vs Shaw.

There will be no Court on Thursday, as it will be Thanksgiving-day. Seventy-nine cases were disposed of on yesterday, and judgments taken.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge, etc.*—To-day the first call of the trial docket will be had. Cases will be set for trial on Wednesday, and will be published on that day.

CRIMINAL COURT—*William Hunter, Judge, etc.*—The murder case of the State vs. Joseph Donlon concluded last night, and was transferred to the jury. A verdict will be rendered to-day. The jail cases will continue to be called to-day.

CLOSING OUT.—The well-known and popular firm of Drake & Co., Clothiers and Dealers in Gents' Furnishing Goods, No. 277 Main street, are Closing Out their Immense Stock at New York Cost. This is no Sham, but a Real Fact, which an investigation will readily prove. Their stock comprises one of the Best Assortments ever Exhibited in the City, and must be sold previous to the advent of the new Year. Those in Want of Wearing Apparel had better see to it and Secure Bargains.

Dry Goods cheap, cheaper, cheapest, at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s. no13 1m

Merchants wanting goods at New York prices, should attend the great sale at Menken Bro.'s.

B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s are not going to sell out, but remain here, in business, and sell goods to defy all competition.

Fine Quality, all wool Black Broadcloths at $2 to $2-50, at Iglauer & Pritz, 255 Main street.

Read It.—What? Elson's advertisement.

Merchants should attend the great wholesale sale of Dry Goods at Menken Bro.'s.

Brief But to the Point.—Elson's advertisement.

Go and See What it Means.—Elson's advertisement.

Our Entire Stock of White Goods reduced 3 per cent. Iglauer & Pritz, 255 Main street.

The Ladies are invited to call and examine our stock. Lindauer, Arnold & Co., 311 Main street. nov13 1m

Colored Alpacas 40 to 75 cts., at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s

New Cloakings and Trimmings received at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s Cloaks made to order and a good fit guaranteed.

Imported Velvet and Cloth Cloaks, marked regardless of cost, at Menken Bro.'s great sale.

Everybody will go to Elson's Great Clearing Sale, 297 Main street.

The largest stock of Silks in the South, at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s

Still Lower.—Gents' and Boys' Undershirts and drawers again reduced at Iglauer & Pritz's closing sale.

Beautiful French Dress Goods, marked to less than cost, at Menken Bro.'s great sale.

White Jaconets, Nainsooks, Camirics, checked and plain, at half price, at Iglauer & Pritz's closing sale.

No Humbug.—Read Elson's advertisement.

Look at our new prices of Fancy Dress Goods, Knit Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, Hosiery, Balmorals; they are all greatly reduced, at Rice, Stix & Co.

Empress Cloths 75 cts. to $1, at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s.

Rice, Stix & Co. have reduced prices of Prints, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Sheetings, to almost anti-war figures.

Go to the great sale of cheap goods, at Menken Bro.'s.

No Closing Sale at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s, but goods sold to defy competition. Read their new advertisement.

The Public is now aware that Rice, Stix & Co.'s closing Dry Goods sale is no deception. The inducements offered are such as will convince any one that the stock will be closed out as soon as possible.

Shepard Plaids reduced to 12½ cts., at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s

Plaid Linseys, Jeans, Gray Blankets, White Blankets, Flannels, all colors. Gents' underwear reduced twenty-five per cent from last month's prices, at Rice, Stix & Co.

No clearing Sale at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s, but goods sold in pace with the times. Read their advertisement.

Go to the Great Clearing Sale at Elson's.

Fresh mince pies and delicious oyster patties every day at Herton's confectionery, corner of Fourth and Poplar streets. nov16 2w

Bargains at Elson's Great Clearing Sale.

Poplins reduced to 25c, at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s

Short But Sweet.—See Elson's advertisement.

10-4 all Wool white Blankets, $3 50 per pair, at Menken Bro.'s.

No Humbug at B. Lowenstein & Bro's. Read their advertisement.

B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s are not selling out, but sell the cheapest Goods in the city.

Read the New Advertisement of Rice, Stix & Co. Their prices have been again reduced in accordance with the latest decline, and they mean to offer such inducements as will guarantee an early sale.

One Price and that the lowest possible price, at B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s

Elson's Great Clearing Sale attracts the attention of every one. Go to it for bargains in Dry Goods, etc.

We are selling Goods at panic prices. Call early. Lindauer, Arnold & Co., 311 Main street. nov13 1m

Read the advertisement of Lindauer, Arnold & Co., 311 Main street, corner Monroe. nov13 1m

All Wool Flannels, 25c. per yard, at Menken Bro.'s great sale.

Read, Read B. Lowenstein & Bro.'s advertisement.

Great Clearing Sale at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s., 311 Main street. nov13 1m

Good Cloth Cloaks, $4, at Menken Bro.'s great sale.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE!

Steiner Bros. & Baum are determined to give up Business by the 1st of January, and, therefore, offer their entire Wholesale and Retail Stock of Clothing, Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods, at less than New York cost. This being no Humbug, the Public will do well to call on them and secure Bargains. Remember the place,
STEINER BROS. & BAUM,
288 Main, Cor. Madison St.
nov15-1m.

La Mirandes' French Remedies—Have saved thousands all over Europe, having been for many years the first assistant at Professor La Mirandes' Private Hospital in Paris, and having been induced to establish a branch in this country, I am now prepared to furnish his celebrated remedies for Consumption, Rheumatism, Scrofula etc.; also, the genuine Imported Vitella—Health's Grand Restorer—the only certain cure for a constitution shattered by the excesses and abuses of youth. Do not be tampered with by inexperienced physicians. Address your communications to Dr. G. W. Fermier, 235 West 47th St., New York. Advice gratis, but if you give us the full history of your case, the consultation fee of three dollars should be enclosed. Ladies may address us in full confidence. no7

Marriage and Celibacy.—An essay for young men on the crime of solitude, and the diseases and abuses which create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed envelopes free of charge. Address
DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,
Howard Association, Philadelphia.
oc24 d&wsm

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY

Of Cuba, conducted by the Spanish Government; $30,000 in Gold drawn every seventeen days, prizes cashed and information furnished. The highest rates paid for *Doubloons* and all kinds of Gold and Silver.
TAYLOR & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 11 Wall St.,
no8 3m New York.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND BUSINESS.

On Sunday the weather changed, and about noon it began to rain and continued to do so until after daylight yesterday. During Sunday night it fell heavily, and the effect will, no doubt, soon be seen in the streams both North and South of us. The St. Francis is already reported swelling. Our next advices from White and the Arkansas rivers will be favorable, we hope. The Ohio was falling on Sunday from Pittsburg to the mouth, with twelve inches in the channel at Pittsburg, and only thirty inches on the bars below Louisville. The upper

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, November 25, 1867.

Our money market opens for the week with much the same features as were visible last Saturday. Owing to the state of the cotton market and the disinclination of holders to operate, there is not so much Exchange offering, and our banks, which have been well supplied for some time back, are running short, although their buying rates on all points outside of New York have advanced re ⅝ discount. As a consequence their checking rates are firm and more uniform than usual. The action of our merchants relative to weekly collections has been inaugurated to-day, and its effect was not as can be bought in any market.

oc5 oc13 nov14 3m

Gold opened in New York at 140¾, and at noon it was ——. It closed at ——. Our buyers were favored with coin of any kind to a very limited extent, and kept a margin of 1¾ to 2c on Eastern quotations.

Silver, buying at 127@129

There is a less demand for City Scrip and dealers are slow to buy. They prefer getting rid of what they have on hand, to accumulating. The buying rate to-day was 90@91c. Selling at 93@ 94c.

County Warrants are in moderate request by dealers at 67@70c. Selling at 70@75c.

Police Scrip scarce and nominal at 80c buying, selling at 85c.

The tobacco for the army during the last year cost about $800,000.

A carriage factory with $150,000 capital, has been started in Bridgeport, Conn., to make carriages with India rubber bodies, for which the company has a patent.

The Denver mint received over $8000 in gold dust during the first two days in November. The amount of bullion shipped from Denver during October was $9,884.

The Sea Island cotton crop this year amounts to 770,000 pounds.

It is understood that the new fifteen cent denomination of fractional currency is ready to be issued, but that delay is occasioned by a desire to know the opinion of Congress on the subject of the issue. It seems, so far, that all the members who have been conversed with in regard to it are favorable to the new denomination.

Several small lots of cotton have been seized in St. Louis, for irregularity in shipment or violation of the revenue laws. Telegrams have also been sent to New York, ordering the seizure of other lots shipped from St. Louis.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants, Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.

No 16 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.

TENNESSEE.	Buying Rate
Bank of Ten.old is'se.	28
Bank of Ten. new issue	25
" Chattanooga	10
" Middle Tenn	90
City Banks	50
Merchant's Bank	95
Northern Bank	10
Ocoee "	10
Planters' "	98
Union "	80
Shelbyville "	30
Southern "	20
Traders' "	40
ALABAMA.	
Bank of Mobile	95
" Montgomery	45
" Selma	20
Commercial Bank	30
Eastern "	47
Northern "	38
Central "	30
Southern "	93
NORTH CAROLINA	
Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	27
" Cheraw	13
" Commerce	12
" Fayetteville	7
" Lexington	10
" N. Carolina	40
" Wadesboro'	10
" Washington	50
" Wilmington	18
Commercial Bank	7
Commercial Bank	16
Farmers' B'k of N. C	20
Merchants' Bank	20
Miners & Plant'rs' B'k	25
LAND WARRANTS.	
40 acres, 'ex. 1812	38
80 "	80
120 "	120
160 "	140
160 " not "	135
BONDS.	
M. & C. R. R. bonds	75
M. & C. R. R. coupons	80
M. & O. R. R. bonds	22
M. & O. R. R. coupons	22
Tenn. bonds, old	66
" new	64
Tenn. coupons	80
Miss. & C. R. R. 1st m'g'e	55
" 2d "	40
Memp'is City b'nds	45
" " coupons	55

GEORGIA.	Buying Rate
Augusta I. & R. Co	5
Bank of Augusta	60
" Athens	40
" Columbus	7
" Commerce	6
" Fulton	40
" Ga. at Sav'h	80
" Middle Ga	80
" Savannah	53
" State of Ga	12
Central R. R. & B'k Co	50
City 2'k of Augusta	23
Farm'rs & M'ch's	5
Ga. R. R. & B'k Co	90
Marine Bank	50
Mrch'ts & Pl'ters B'k	5
Planters' Bank	12
Union Bank	60
Mechanic's Bank	2
Man'fact'r's	12
SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Camden	90
" Charleston	15
" Chester	7
" Georgetown	12
" Hamburg	13
" Newbury	60
" S. Carolina	70
" State, old is'sue	5
" State, new "	5
Commercial Bank	10
Exchange Bank	10
Farm'rs & Exch'ge	1
Merchants' Bank	3
People's Bank	40
Planters' "	40
Plant'rs & M'ch's B'k	15
South W. R. R	22
State Bank	40
Union "	60

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Draft on England, Ireland and Scotland, $7 for 1 lb. sterling.
France, Switzerland & Belgium, 5 35 francs for $1 00.
GERMANY.
Bremen $1 05 for 1 gold thaler.
Berlin, $1 07 for 1 Prussian thaler.
Frankfort, 61¾c for 1 guilder.
Sweden, 41¾c for one rix-dollar.

We regret to see the lack of interest displayed by our merchants in our Chamber of Commerce. The monthly meeting, which should have taken place to-day, was not attended, and, in consequence, there was nothing done. We think that much good might be attained and evil possibly averted if our business men would meet at least once a month, and exchange views upon the situation of affairs. There is no excuse for this apathy, and our merchants will find, when too late, that they have left behind in the race for prosperity, and are but playing second fiddle to those of other cities.

The Liverpool cotton market opened to-day dull and tending downward. Uplands, 8 5-16d; Orleans, 8 7-16d. At 2 p.m. the market was still dull and had declined ⅛d on all grades, and the closing dispatch announced an irregular market, with sales of 8d; Orleans, 8¼d; making a total decline for the day of 3-16d, sales 10,000 bales.

The New York market opened dull, with prices same as at the closing on Saturday. At noon it was inactive and drooping—Middling, 17¾ @17¾c; Mobile, 17¾; Orleans, 18¼c; while at the close the demand was fair and market weak and irregular, Middling, 16⅞@17c; Mobile, 17¼c; Orleans, 18c. Sales, 2000 bales. This heavy decline following that of last week has unsettled our market, and prices to-day were irregular. Early in the day holders were firm, and in fair request, but it failed to last more than 15c, although buyers offered 14½c; but the market gradually weakened until orders could be readily filled at that figure. After the last dispatches were received buyers were slow to bid at all, but they talked of 14c, at which they expected the market to open to-morrow. Sales for the day were very fair, but somewhat retarded by the weather. The market closed dull and drooping.

Inferior		@—
Ordinary	11	@12
Good Ordinary	12½	@13
Low Middling	13¾	@14
Middling to Strict	14½	@15
Good Middling	15¾	@16

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1		1,080
Received to-day	2,736	
Received previously	60,385	63,121
		64,201
Exported to day	773	
Exported previously	59,294	60,167
Stock on hand		11,654

The stock of coffee in first hands in the country, November 1th, compares with the previous week as follows:

	Nov. 5.	Nov. 12
Rio in New York	101,400	16,320
Other kinds in New York	28,805	28,305
Rio at other ports	15,000	14,000
Total bags	145,283	133,667

A planter from the West Indies believes that sugar may be successfully cultivated profitably in Australia. The difficulty of procuring labor there has been met by the importation of South Sea Islanders, who work well.

The amount of capital invested in railways in Great Britain is $2,277,290,715. These roads divide in England an average of nearly five per cent; in Scotland four and a half per cent, and in Ireland nearly three per cent per annum. The heaviest dividend last year was eleven and one-tenths per cent, and was made by the High Peak road in England.

The bad weather of Sunday which continued until noon yesterday caused the markets to be rather dull then.

Meats are firm, with good stocks and the demand rather light. Clear sides are held at 14½@ 16½c, with a few exceptional sales at 15¾c. Shoulders are dull at 12¾@13c; Clear bulk sides, 15¾@15¾c; Bulk Shoulders, 11¾@12c. Mess Pork, $25 50@25, with some new mess in market at about that figure. A lot of Prime Mess on consignment is offered at $19; Breakfast Bacon, 18½ @18c; Sugar Cured Hams, plain and canvassed, 22½@23c; dressed pork is dull at 8@9c. Corn is in better supply and lower—Choice White and Yellow, $1 60@1 68 in round lots on landing; Ear Corn is out of market. Oats are in fair supply at 70@75c. Bran, dull at $16. Hay, $24@25. Meal is in good supply and weak—selling from store at 4c. 80@5c. Grain is scarce on account of weather being too warm for shipment. Buckwheat flour, $12 per barrel. Eggs, more abundant—selling at 33@40c. Molasses of the new crop has arrived and sells at 70c in bbls; old crop commands 65c. Apples are dull at $3@5 for common to choice. Potatoes are still plentiful—choice sell at $1 85 to $4 25 from store, and common at $3 25 to $3 50; sack potatoes are held at $1 50 to 1 65 per bushel. Sweet potatoes in demand for shipment, 50c@$1. New Onnnies are held at 26c, and second-hand, 16 to 18c, with a good demand from the interior. Cheese is in fair supply at $3 to $4 50 for old and young. Onions are scarce and firm at $4 50 to $5 per bbl. Cement $4 75 to $5 per bbl. Butter is in good demand; Goshen, 43@45c; choice western, 38@40c; good 30@35c; common, 25@28c; prime roll, 30c; packing in good demand at 26@27c for India, 28@29c for Kentucky power, and 24@25c for hand made. Flour very quiet; super $7@8. X $9@10 50, XX $11@12 50, XXX $13@14; fancy brands $16 50@18 00. Mackerel in good supply: No. 1 half bbls $10 50@11 00; No. 2 $9 50@10; No. 1 kit, $2 75@3; No. 2, $2 50@2 75; No. 3, $2 25@2 50. Sugar is firm at 13¾@ 14¾c for fair to prime; choice, 15¾@16c; New Orleans, 14¾@15¾c; Coffee, Rio, 20@22c; Laguayra, 22@23c; Java, 30@32c. Whiskey is in good supply at 30@31c for common to choice. Lard is in good supply at 16@17c for prime to choice leaf.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

J. J. SMITH. JNO. L. LEECH.

SMITH & LEECH,

Rectifiers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

342 Second Street.

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

HAVING erected a large and extensive Rectifying establishment, we are prepared to supply our customers with a superior article of Whiskies on as good terms and at as low prices as can be bought in any market.

oc5 oc13 nov14 3m

ISIDOR ROSENBACH,

RECTIFIER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

Common, Rectified and Bourbon

WHISKIES,

Supplied to the Trade

At the Lowest Market Prices.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

Wholesale Dealers in

Imported and Domestic

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,

No. 276 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.

Also, the Celebrated

BAVARIAN BITTERS.

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Just Received.

10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.

2 quarter pipes "Pellvoisin" Brandy.

We have also a large and choice stock of

Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

au25 276 Front Street.

D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS,

No. 14 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers,

281 : MAIN STREET : 281

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

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A. VACCARO, S. VACCARO. M. MAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

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U. S. BONDED CELLAR.

NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

RHENISH & FRENCH WINES, LIQUORS, Foreign Fruits, AND PRODUCE.

No. 262 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'

CELEBRATED

BAVARIAN BITTERS,

The best Bitters in the market as a

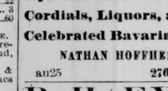
TONIC AND APPETIZER.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

276 Front Row.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,



UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 330 MAIN STREET

au14 MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY

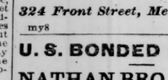
C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,



General Undertakers and Dealers in Metallic and Wooden Coffins.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.

No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

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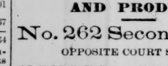

UNDERTAKER,

—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,

No. 388 Second St., N. E. cor. Gayoso St.

☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

J. B. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL

(Formerly Galt House,)

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe,

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. my24

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO,

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you wish to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter Trade with the very best descriptions and styles of ALL WOOL CASSIMERES, and the most durable JEANS and KERSEY FABRICS,

All Free from Shoddy and other Impurities,

Order Samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August. From these samples you can make your selections and return your orders, and the Goods will be forwarded direct from the Manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG, Pres't, Charlotte, N. C,

BANKS AND BANKING

P. C. BETHELL, President. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING,

Corner Court and Main Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business. Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

DIRECTORS:

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PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS.

No. 12 Madison Street.

F. W. SMITH, : : : President.
D. A. SHEPHERD, : : : Cashier.

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THE DeSOTO BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

NO. 20 MADISON STREET.

JAMES ELDER, - - - - President.
W. H. WOOD, - - - Vice-President.
T. R. FARNSWORTH, - - - - Cashier.

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Corner Madison and Main Streets.

DOES A GENERAL

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—DEALS IN—

Coin, Uncurrent Money and Government Securities.

Collections from all points Solicited.

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GAYOSO, SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

Banking House 19 Madison St.

This institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a

GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.

Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell

Foreign & Domestic Exchange, Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.

SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the North and West.

E. M. AVERY, Cashier. JOHN C. LANIER, President.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,

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—OF THE—

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R. C. BRINKLEY, - - Vice-President.
C. P. NORRIS, - - - - Cashier.
T. W. JOHNSTON, - - - Ass't Cashier.

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General Banking

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EXCHANGE BUSINESS.

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THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 9 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,

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[Successors to Levy & Borg,]

—DEALS IN—

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE,

Gold, Silver, Stocks, Bonds,

Government and Miscellaneous Securities

AND all descriptions of Uncurrent Funds. Deposits received subject to check. Collections solicited and promptly cared for. au1 tf

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,

No. 293 Main Street.

NATHAN CORONNA, : : : President.
MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.
J. J. JENNY, : : : : : Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

W. CORONNA, JOHN DUTLINGER,
JOS. SPECHT, C. A. DAMMAN,
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Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.

Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and on all principal cities of Europe.

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EDUCATIONAL.

LAW SCHOOL, MEMPHIS COLLEGE.

THE Law Department of the Memphis College will open on the FIRST MONDAY OCTOBER. The following gentlemen comprise the Faculty:

Constitutional Law.....Gen. ALBERT PIKE
Real Property & Pleading.....Hon. R. R. HEATH
Personal Property & Pleading.....A. M. LEWIS
Equity & Commercial Law.....Hon. P. T. SCRUGGS
Crim. Law & Admiralty.....Gen. J. R. CHALMERS

COURSE OF STUDY.

FIRST SESSION, JUNIOR CLASS—5 months.

Walker's American Law, Kent's Commentaries, Bishop on Criminal Law, Caruther's History of Law Suits, Stephens' Pleadings.

SECOND SESSION OF JUNIOR CLASS—5 months.

Parsons on Contracts, Parsons on Notes and Bills, Greenleaf on Evidence.

FIRST SESSION, SENIOR CLASS.

Adam's Equity Jurisprudence, Adam's Equity Pleading, Redfield on Wills, Hilliard on Mortgages, Parsons on Partnership.

SECOND SESSION, SENIOR CLASS.

Washburn on Real Property, Taylor on Landlord and Tenant, Angell & Ames on Corporations, Story's Conflict of Laws, Parsons on Maritime Law, Conklin's U. S. Treatise.

Recitations and examinations each day at 4 o'clock. Moot Court once each week, and Appellate Court once each month, presided over by the Professors all together.

Students permitted to enter any Class, but no Diploma given except to those going through whole course.

Terms $25 per Session, payable in advance.

Entrance Fee, $5 per Session.

All Students of Law are attend free of charge the Lectures of the College, including Lectures on Elocution and explanation of Latin and French technicalities by the President.

Arrangements will be made to board and lodge students at $25 per month. Applications should be made early. sel0

MEMPHIS COLLEGE,

(Formerly St. Lazarus.)

Rev. S. H. FORD, LL.D., President.
J. DUPREE, Professor of Languages.
——, Professor Mathematics.
JACKSON P. CREWS, English Department.

Session Opens Monday, September 2nd.

TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Senior Class, including Latin, Greek and Mathematics	$40 00
Junior, English Branches, Latin and Greek	30 00
Primary Department	20 00

☞ Payable in advance. au28

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
H. F. BECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.

E. D. COBB, Agent
se24 Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

JO. BANFIL & CO.,

HAVE established their office in Thus Block, in rear of No. 12 Jefferson street, where they may be found by parties interested.

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RAILROADS.

Quick Time

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE

Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, Oct. 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 6:40 a.m. next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

in advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11:00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. next day. This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12 00.

Through Tickets via Nashville to CHATTANOOGA, KNOXVILLE, ATLANTA, and all Principal Points in GEORGIA, ALABAMA and the CAROLINAS.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 257½ Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.

M. GRIDLEY, Ticket Agent. SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of Trains, and Check Baggage to all Points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 257½ Main street, will call at any part of the city or steamboat landing.

JOHN H. JONES, Sup't M. C. T. Co.

October 1, 1867. oct tf

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, MEMPHIS, TENN., September 23, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville Railroad for all Eastern cities, and at Union Depot with Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and is the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage Checked through to all important places. Persons Holding Through Tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot. JAS. JONES,
General Superintendent.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. oct tf

1867 ARKANSAS. 1867

United States Mail Routes and Stage Lines.

Little Rock and Hot Springs Direct.

THROUGH IN DAYLIGHT.

Little Rock and Washington via Rockport and Arkadelphia.

THROUGH IN 36 HOURS.

Little Rock and Camden via Tulip and Princeton.

THROUGH IN 30 HOURS.

Little Rock and Fort Smith.

THROUGH IN 48 HOURS.

Running in Connection with the Memphis and White River, and Memphis and Arkansas River Packets, and

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

First Class Four-Horse Post Coaches leave Little Rock Daily, and returning leave Hot Springs Daily, Sundays excepted, carrying United States Mail.

Invalids Going to the Hot Springs will find on this line the best of

Concord Coaches, Fine Horses and Careful and Sober Drivers,

and every effort will be made to furnish the most speedy and comfortable transit.

Extra Coaches when Required, will be Furnished on Ten Minutes' Notice.

Office in Little Rock at the Anthony House.

D. J. CHIDESTER, Contractor.

JOHN BARTHOLOMEW, Agent, Little Rock, Ark.

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NEW YORK CARDS.

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S

BILLIARD TABLES

THE most reliable Cushion used on Billiard Tables is the

CAT-GUT CUSHION,

Manufactured by KAVANAGH & DECKER, and Patented Dec. 18, 1866. (See Scientific American, Vol. 16, N. 1.)

It is the only Cushion that possesses all the qualities essential to a Perfect Cushion. It is the first article ever offered as a durable Cushion ever offered to the billiard-playing public, as is abundantly proven by the great demand for it since its introduction. The peculiarity which distinguishes the Cat-Gut Cushion and renders it superior to all others, is the tightened coil of cat-gut which overlies the face and edge of the rubber and running the full length of the Cushion, which prevents the ball from bedding into the rubber and jumping from the table. The addition of the cat-gut cord also adds much to the elasticity of the Cushion.

The Cat-Gut Cushion has already been applied to over 1000 tables, which are in constant use. It can be applied to tables of any make, for $10 per set.

Kavanagh & Decker's Factory, at the corner of Centre and Canal streets, N. Y., is the most complete in its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the lumber drying room the largest in the United States, the material used the best that can be purchased, and the workmen thoroughly skilled.

Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues and Trimmings, all of the best make, constantly on hand.

Kavanagh & Decker are the only agents in this country for Kay's Cue Cement, adjudged by competent authorities to be the best Cement ever used.

Full size Tables cut down for $100.

Send for Illustrated Price List.

KAVANAGH & DECKER,
Corner of Centre and Canal streets,
no5 tfe20 New York City.

THE BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO. PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street,

Where he will be pleased to receive the order of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior Instruments to the trade, Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate.) They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have oversirung Scales, giving in connection with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Melodious Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to Siberia Ott,

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Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

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THESE Instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest Instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them for one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The t ne of these Instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness does not destroy the Grand and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equa ly delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corniers front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years.

se9 d&wly

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON,

MARBLE WORKS,

No. 59 Union Street,

Between Second and Third.

Notice.

State of Tennessee, County of Shelby.

TAKE NOTICE, that at the December term of the Probate Court of Shelby county, to be held at the Court-room in Memphis on the first Monday in December, 1867, I will apply for Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. M. E. Watson, deceased.

MARY PATTERSON.

H. S. LEE, Attorney no2 lawtw

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

ROWAN RAMSEY.

BY ALICE CAREY.

Rowan Ramsey, she is plain—
Plain as you would plainness call;
Just as her gir ish golden hair
Round her brow and bosom fair,
For adornment—that is all!

Rowan Ramsey, she is vain
Of her girlish, golden hair—
And her feet, if she but stir,
Dance about in spite of her,
Just to show how small they are!

Rowan Ramsey, she is neat—
Stocking, petticoat of snow,
And her hair, like veil of lace,
Slippeth flily to the place
Of her sleeve so loose and low.

Rowan Ramsey, she is sweet;
Nature's child as you will see;
Never any bramble bud,
Born a mile deep in the wood,
Grew to blossom pure as she.

Rowan Ramsey's smiles do flow
O'er her chaste, religious frown:
And no little saintly nun,
At her broidery in the sun,
Droppeth eyelid lowlier down.

Rowan Ramsey, she is low,
High in goodness is her part;
When we stand up to be wed
You shall see her golden head
Shining level with my heart.

Rowan Ramsey, she is small,
Never smaller maid appeared
Outside of a fairy bower;
I could hide her like a flower
Underneath my grizz y beard.

Rowan Ramsey, she is all
Just as I would have her be;
Golden hair and gown so simple,
Brow and bosom, smile and dimple,
Sweet as ever sweet can be!

THE FLIGHT OF THE GODDESS.

BY T. B. ALDRICH.

A man should live in a garret, I think,
And have few friends and be poorly clad,
With an old hat stopping the wind in the chink
To keep the goddess constant and glad.

Of old, when I walked on a rugged way,
And gave much work for but little bread,
The Goddess dwelt with me night and day;
Sat at my table, haunted my bed.

The narrow, mean attic, I see it now!—
Its window o'erlooking the city's tiles,
The sunset's fires and the clouds of snow,
And the river wandering miles and miles.

Just one picture hung in the room,
The saddest story that Art can tell—
Dante and Virgil in lurid gloom
Watching the Lovers float through Hell.

Wretched enough was I sometimes,
Pinched, and harassed with vain desires;
But thicker than clover sprung the rhymes,
As I drew a stake in my narrow among the spires.

Midnight filled my slumbers with song;
Music haunted my dreams by day;
Now I listen and wait and long,
But the delphian airs have died away!

I wonder and wonder how it befell;
Suddenly I had friends in crowds;
I bade the house-tops a long farewell;
"Good-by," I cried, "to the stars and clouds!

"But thou, rare soul, that hast dwelt with me,
Spirit of Song! thou divine
Breath of the morning, thou shalt be,
Goddess! forever and ever mine!"

And the woman I loved was now my bride,
And the house I wanted was my own;
And the Goddess satisfied—
But the Goddess had somehow flown!

Flown! and I fear she will never return!
I'm much too sleek and happy for her,
Who careth not for wine and wealth and burn,
Ere the beautiful heathen heart will stir!

I call—but she does not stoop to my cry;
I wait—but she lingers, and ah! so long!
It was cold on the years gone by,
When she touched my lips with chrism of song.

I swear I will get me a garret again,
And let the wee wits see the sunset's fires,
And look for goddess, by void and pain,
Up with the sparrows among the spires!

For a man should live in a garret aloof,
And have few friends, and be poorly clad,
With an old hat stopping the wind in the roof,
To keep the Goddess constant and glad!

GROCERIES,

JOHN LILLY. OWEN LILLY.

LILLY BROTHERS,

—DEALERS IN—

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.,

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COTTON FACTORS,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

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LIBERAL Cash advances made on consignments. Will promptly fill orders for Provender and Plantation supplies at the lowest rates. nov15 1m

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Grocer

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

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Wholesale Grocers,

NO. 15 UNION STREET,

Lee Block, Bet. Main and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

no5 1m

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PEARCE, PARK & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

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KEEP constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Bagging, Rope, and Plantation Supplies. Liberal advances made on Cotton for shipment or otherwise.

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Grocers, Cotton & Commission MERCHANTS,

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☞ Capt. Kealhofer will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us.

NEW SHAKER PRESERVES

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Preserved Canton Ginger, in Syrup;
Dry:
CRASS & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES—
(Chowchow, Onions, Cauliflower, etc.)
New Peaches in Cans—2 and 3 lbs.

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NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR
And fresh MEAL;
HARRISON FLOUR;
GRAHAM or UNBOLTED FLOUR;
SUGAR—all kinds.

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300 Main Street.

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No. 1 SHORE, BAY and MESS, all nice, for Family use;